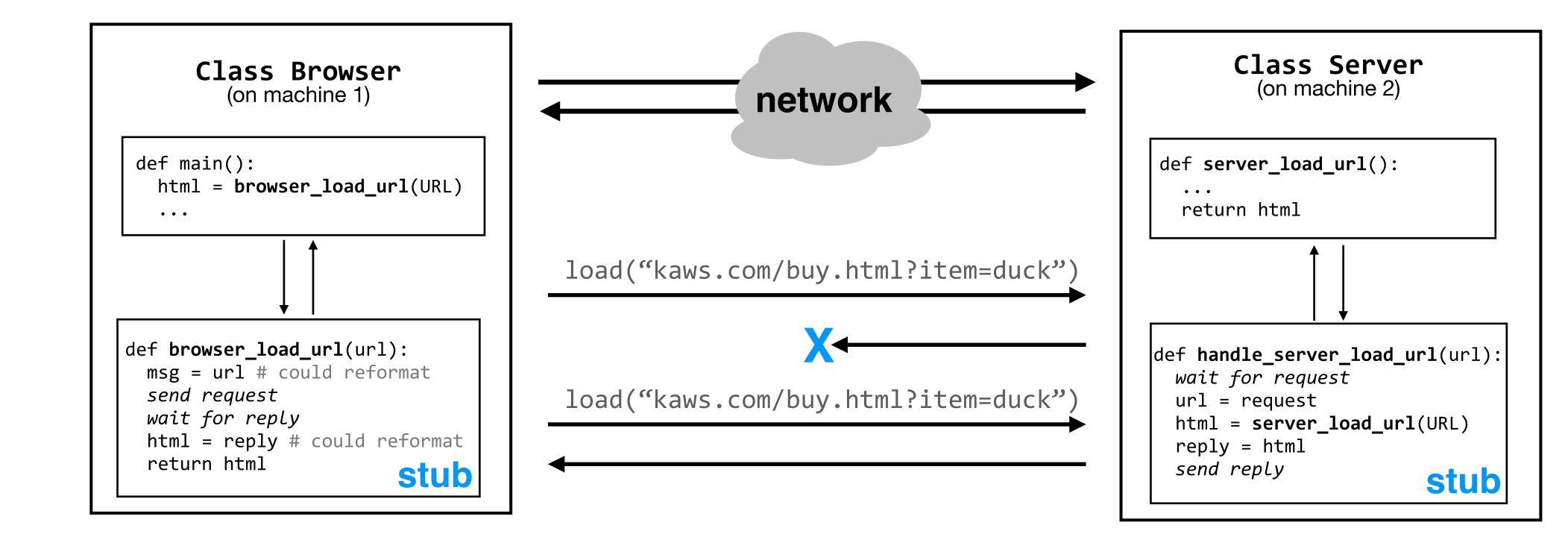
6.1800 Spring 2025 Lecture #2: Naming plus a case-study on DNS

Katrina LaCurts | lacurts@mit.edu | 6.1800 2025



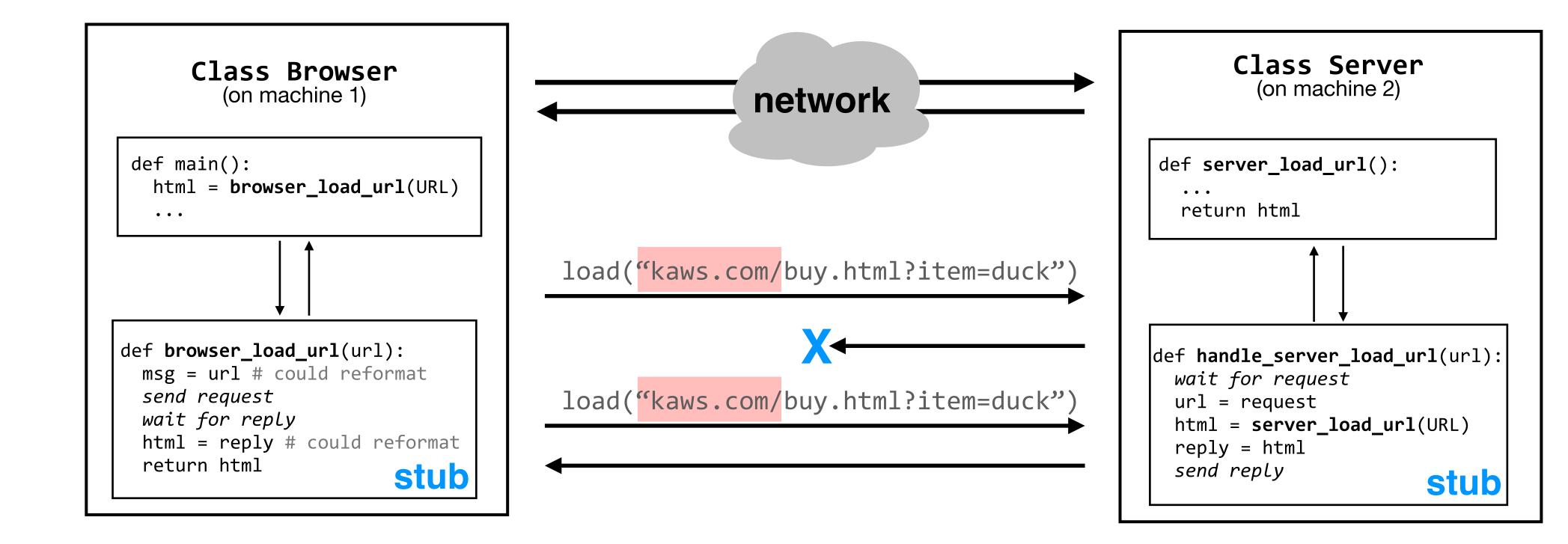
client





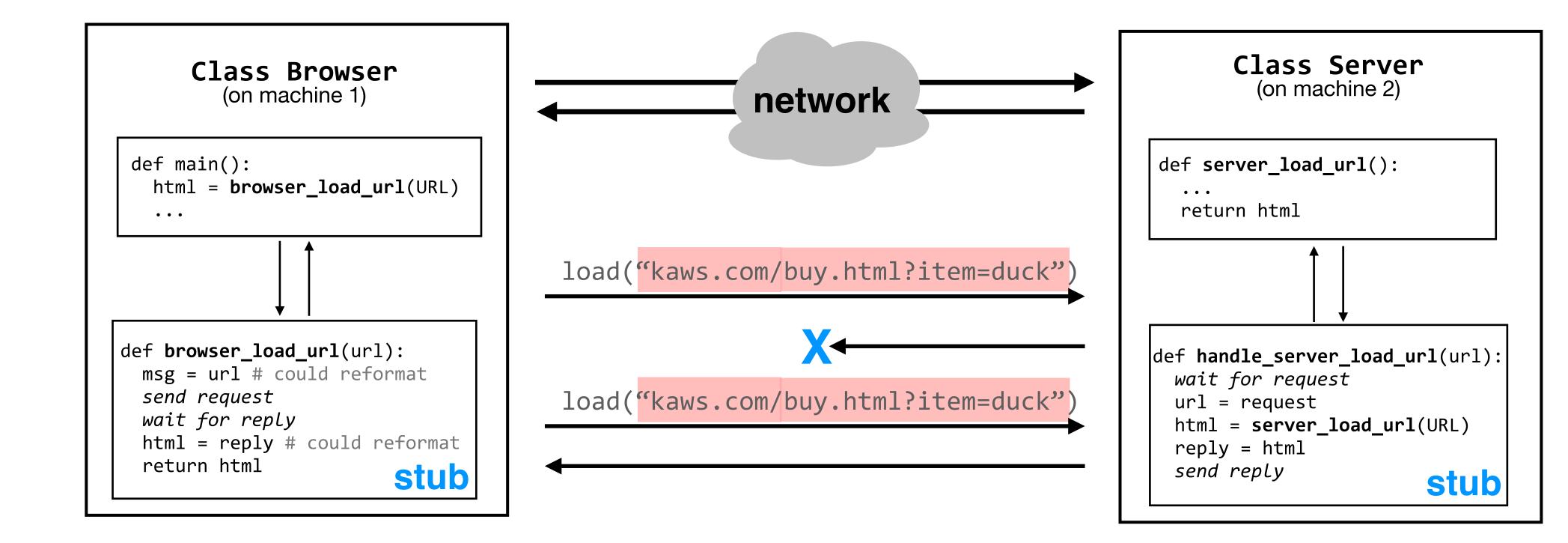


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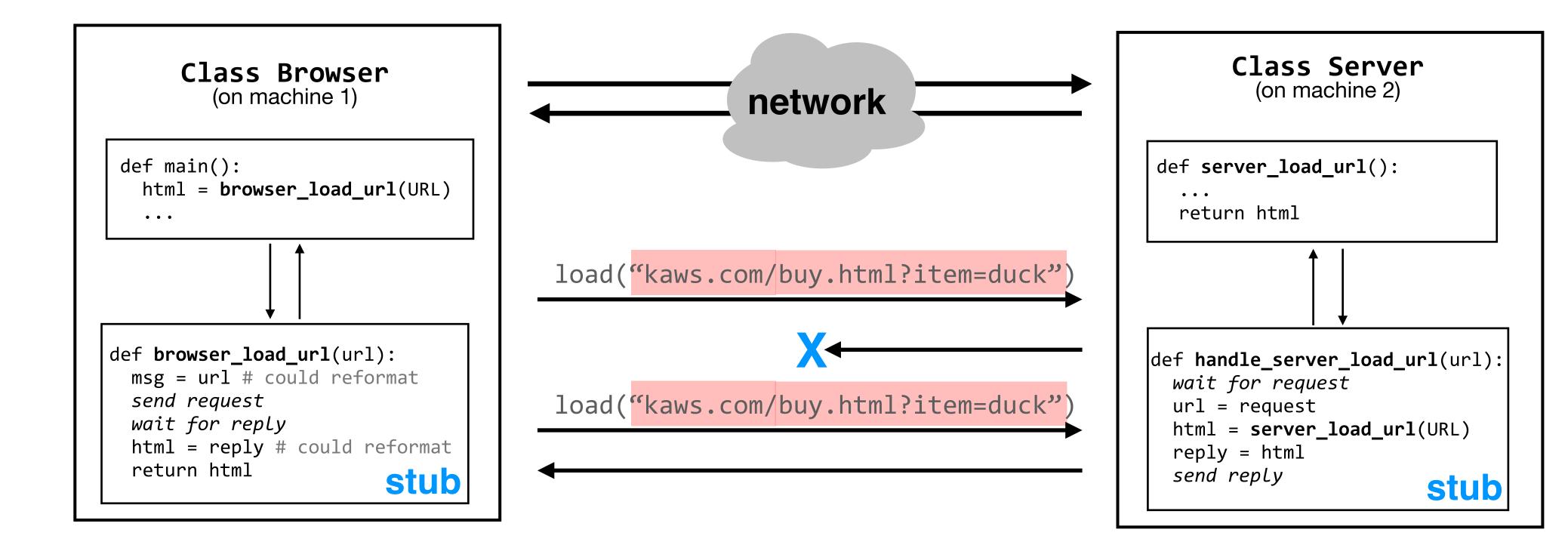


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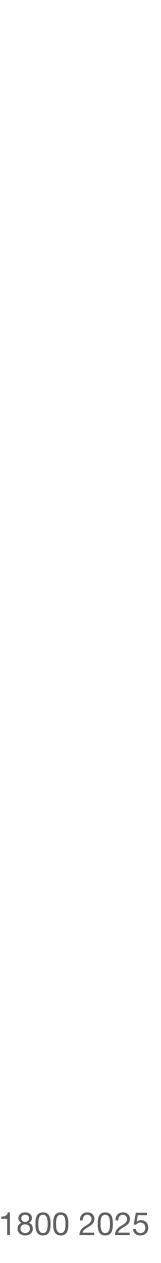




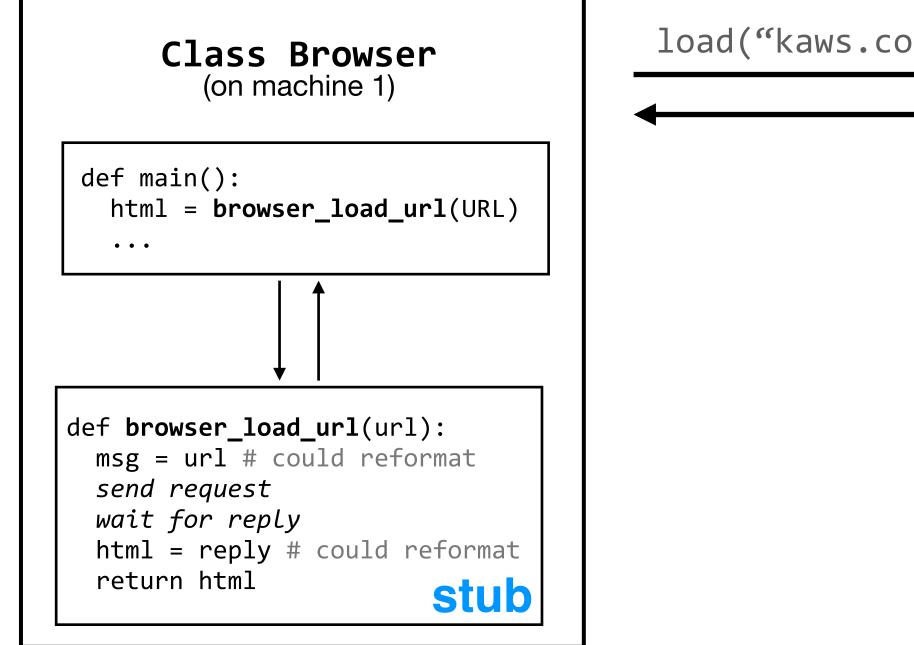
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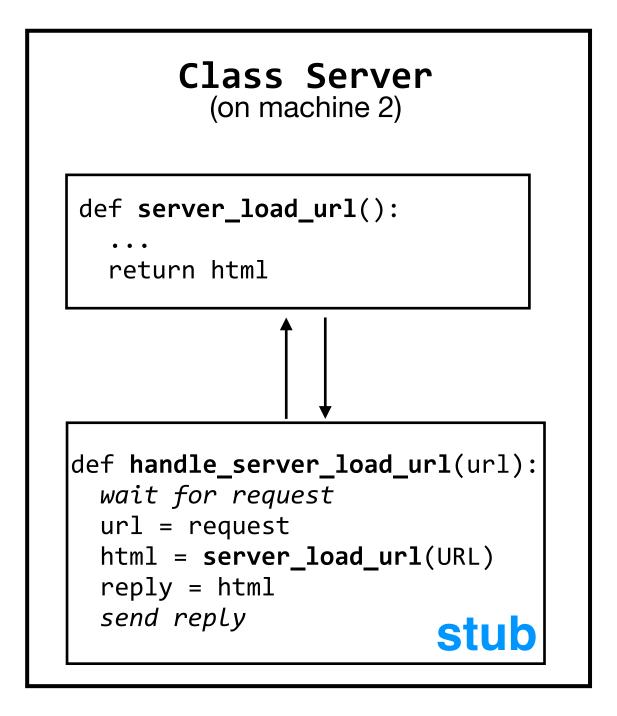
today: naming, which allows modules to interact



client



server

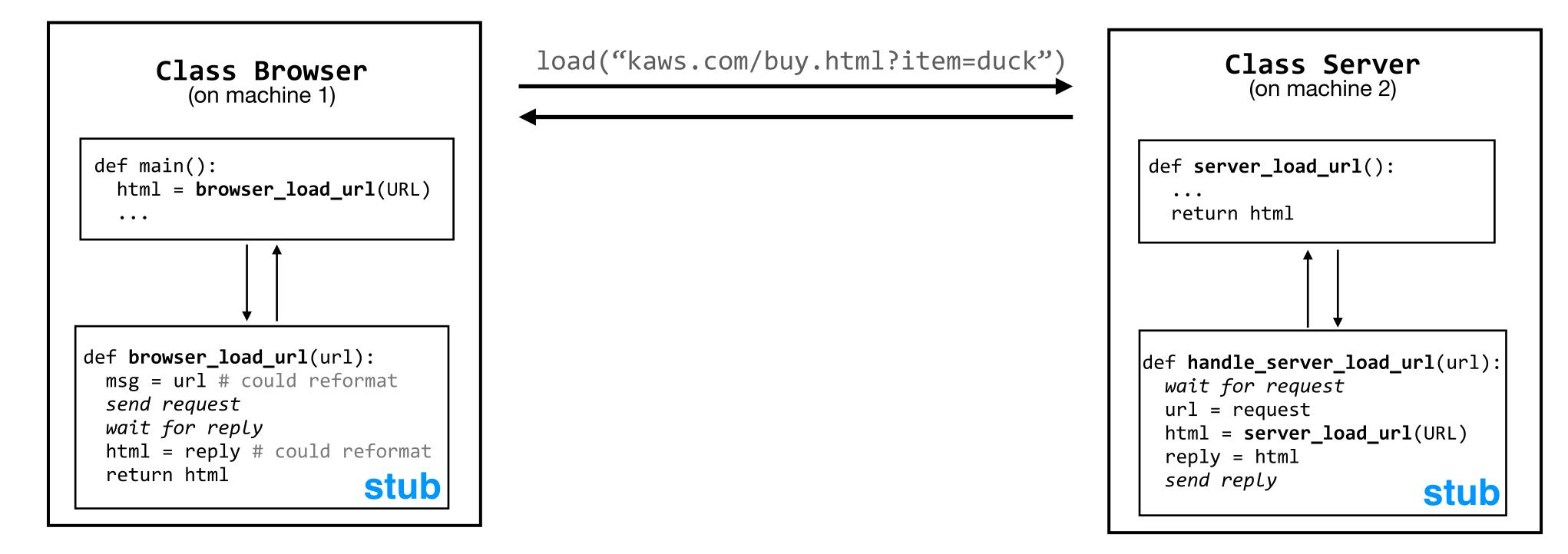


load("kaws.com/buy.html?item=duck")



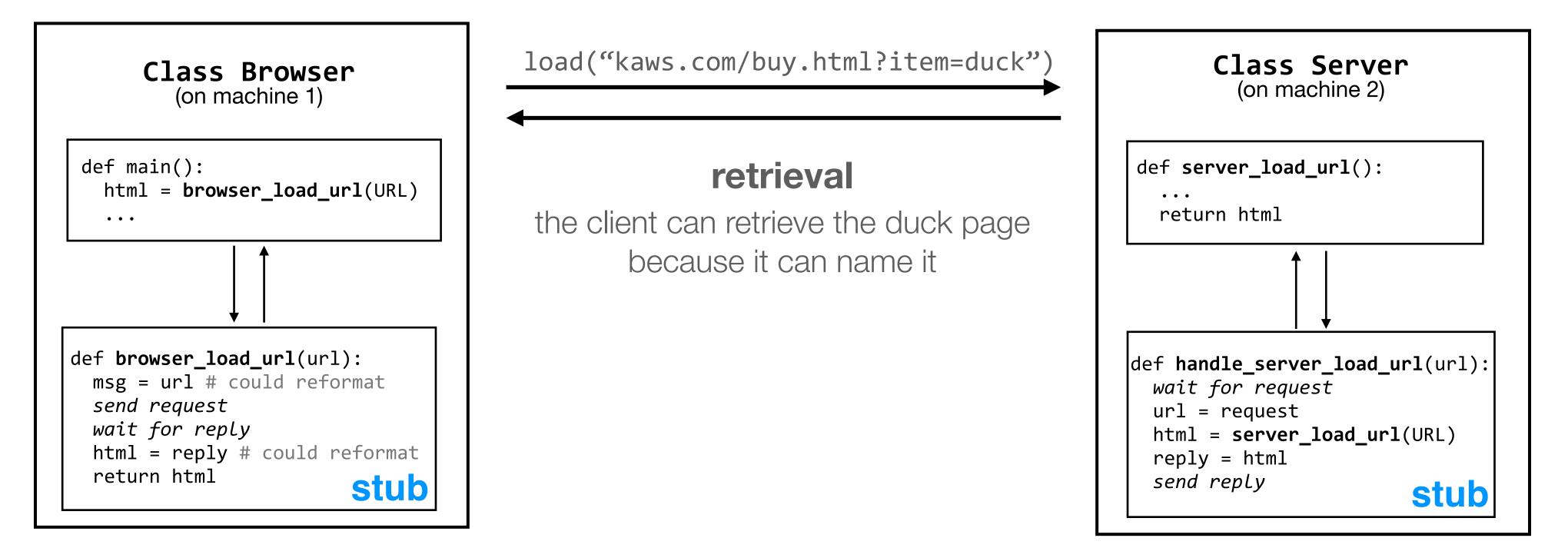
they let us achieve modularity by providing communication and organization, as well as a number of other properties

client



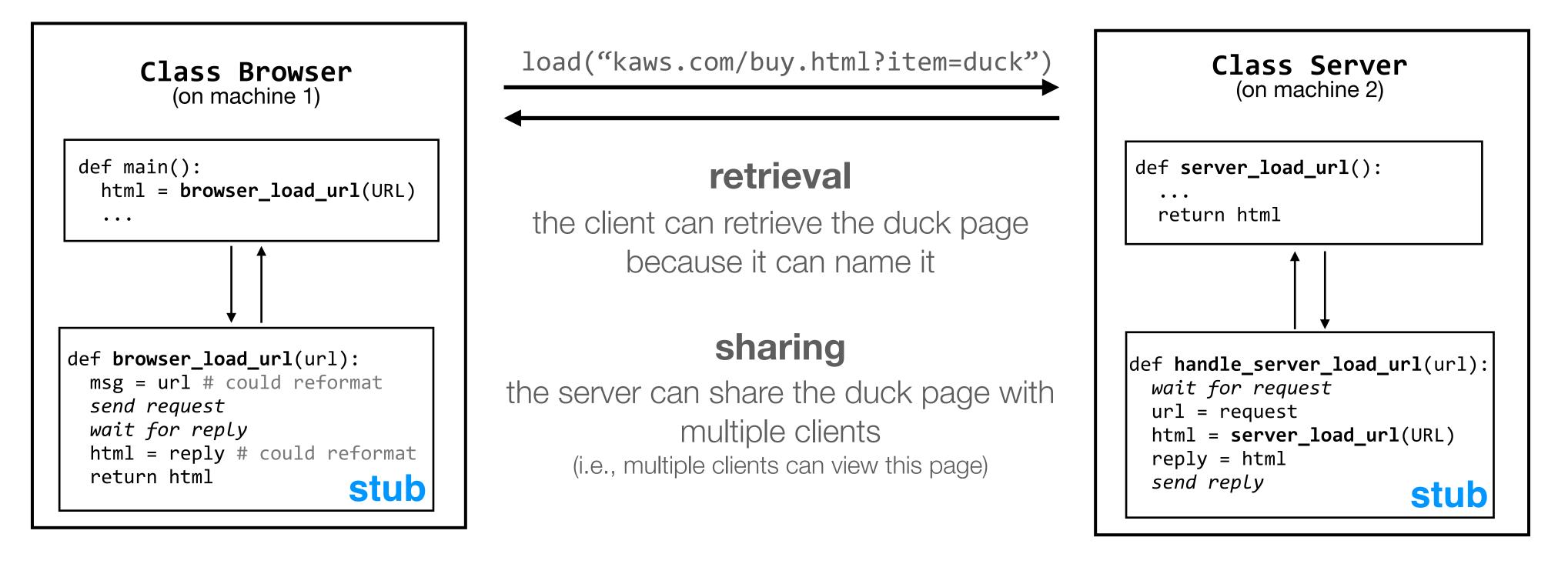
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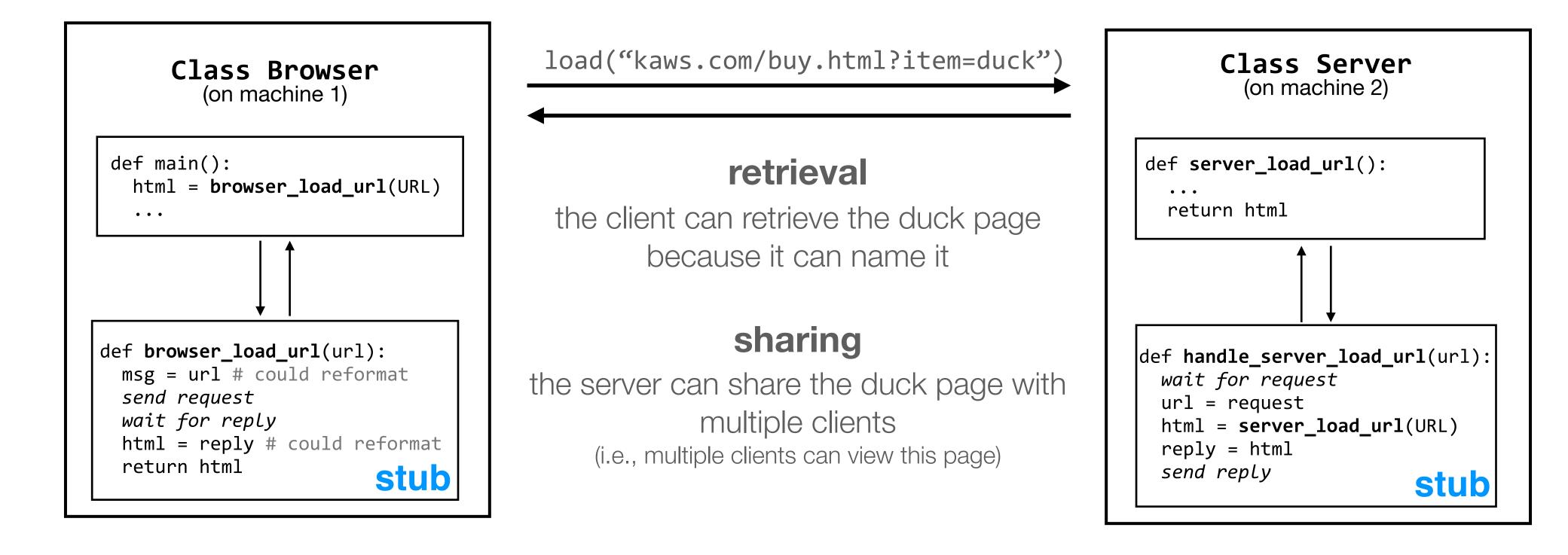
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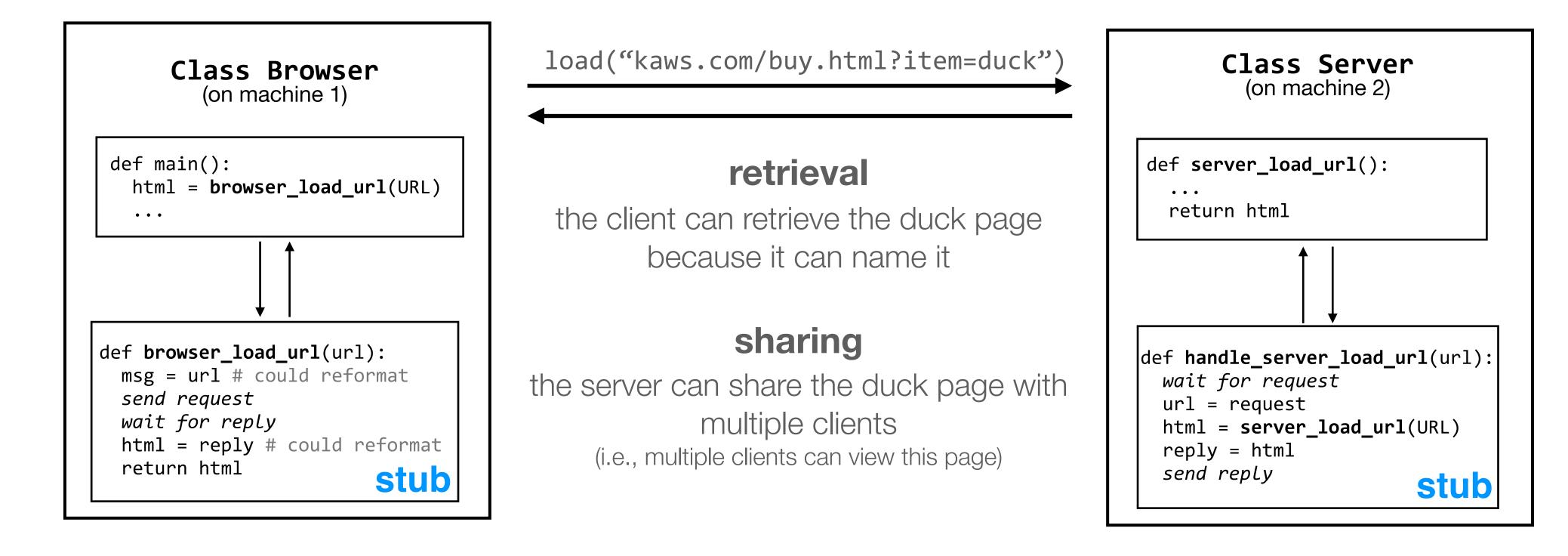


user-friendly IDs

kaws.com is easier to remember than (say) **18.25.4.171**; the variable name "html" is easier to remember than a particular location in memory

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client



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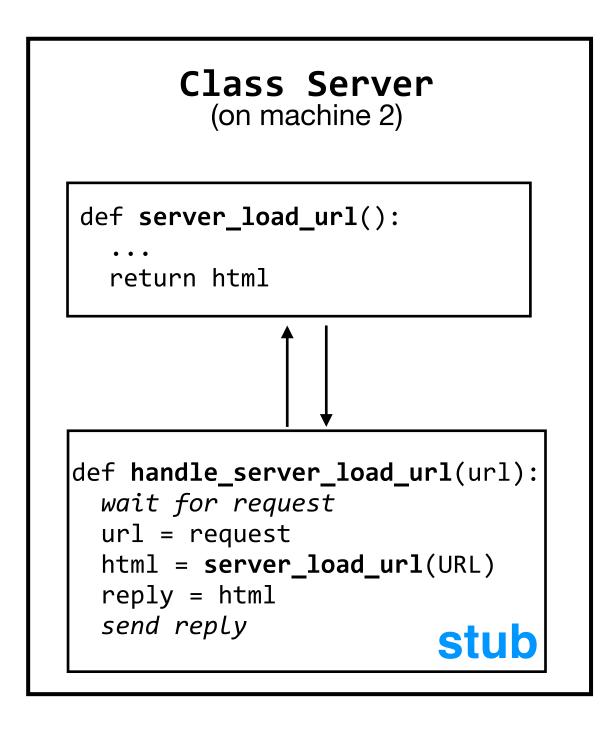
server

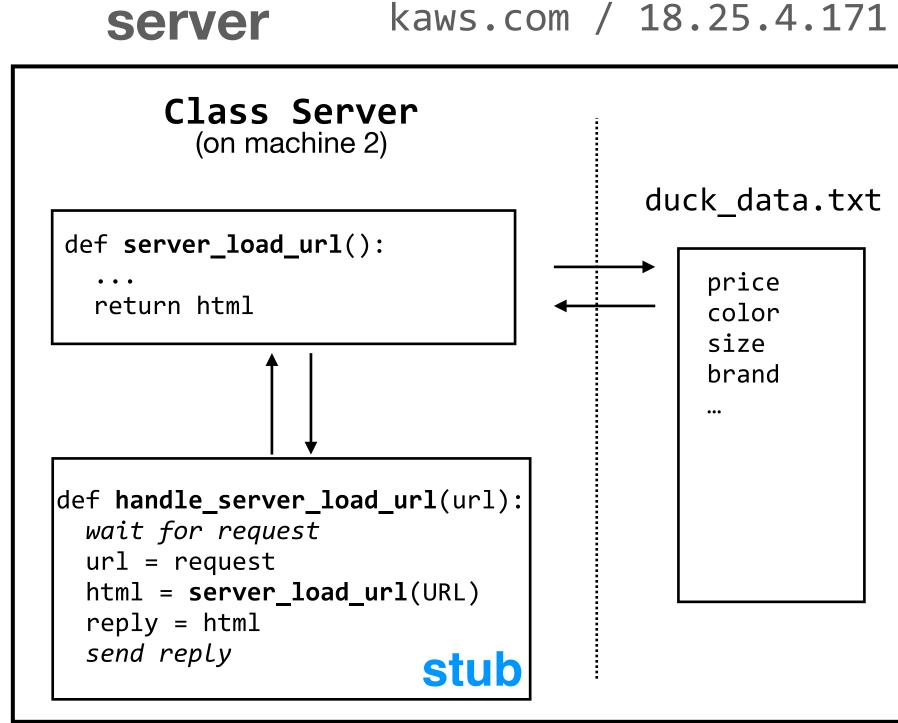
addressing

some names also specify location information

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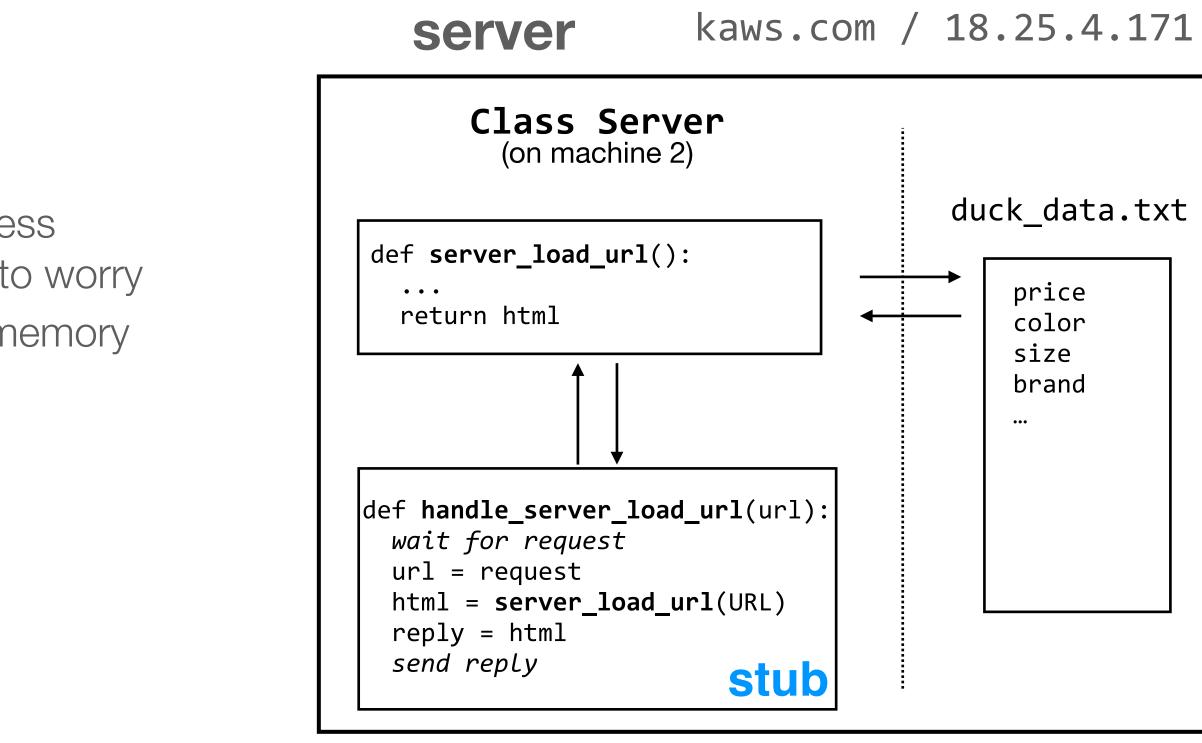


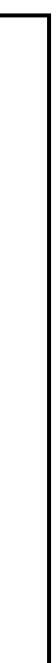


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hiding

code on the server can access duck_data.txt without having to worry about how the file is laid out in memory







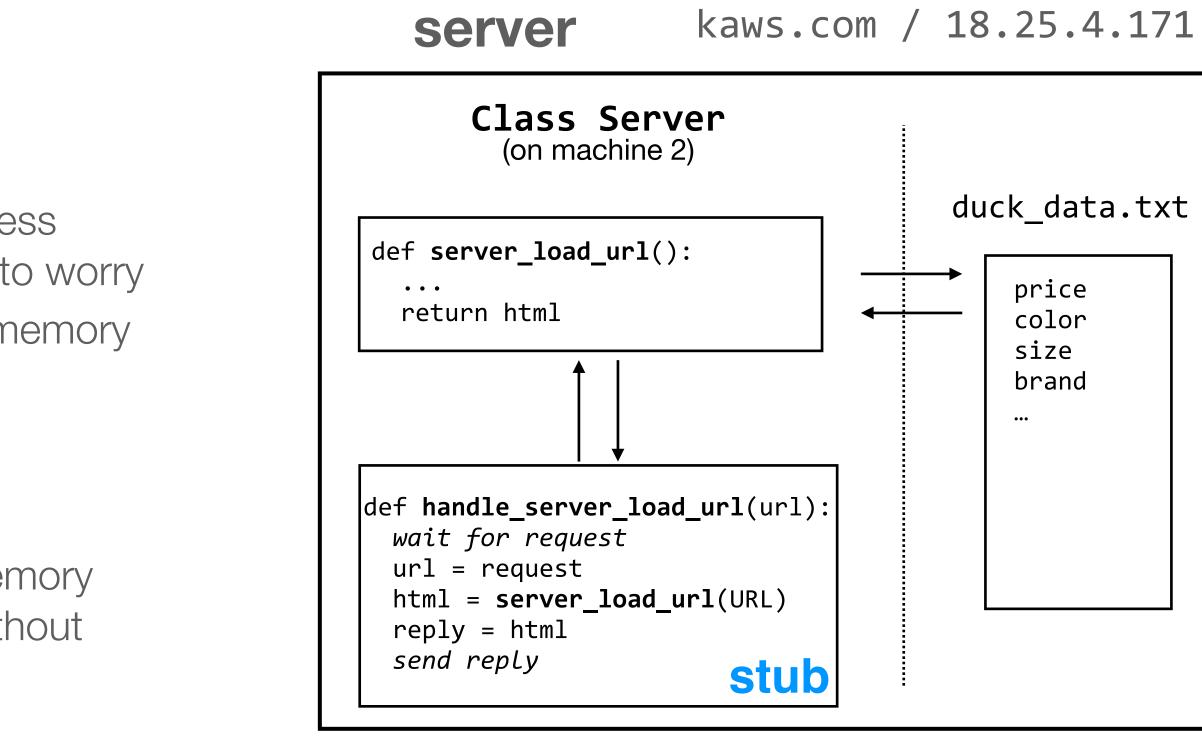
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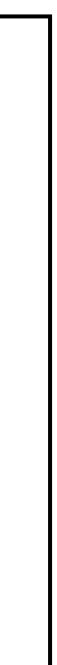
hiding

code on the server can access duck_data.txt without having to worry about how the file is laid out in memory

indirection

the server can change the memory layout of duck_data.txt without notifying the user







the design of a system's naming scheme(s) helps it achieve these properties

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a naming scheme includes

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a naming scheme includes

- 1. the set of all possible **names**
- 2. the set of all possible values

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a naming scheme includes

- 1. the set of all possible **names**
- 2. the set of all possible values
- 3. a **look-up algorithm** to translate a name into a value (or a set of values, or "none")

they let us achieve modularity by providing communication and organization, as well as a number of other properties

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TECHNOLOGY

Internet Outage That Crashed Dozens Of Websites Caused By Software Update

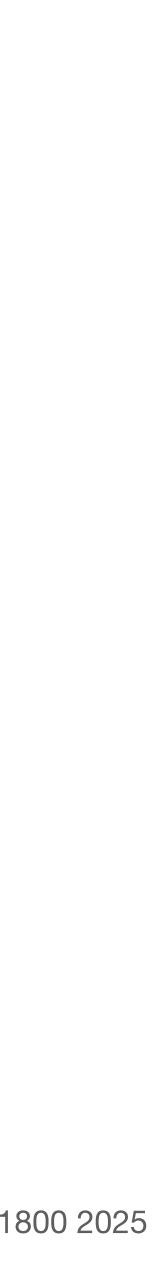
Updated July 22, 2021 · 2:22 PM ET 🕕

DEEPA SHIVARAM

A widespread internet outage caused several major websites to shut down Thursday afternoon, including Amazon, Delta, Capital One and Costco.

Akamai, a content distribution network that helps with the spread of data around the internet, posted on Twitter that a software configuration update caused a bug in its DNS system.

A DNS, or domain name service, helps match a website's name to its IP address. If the DNS fails, it becomes impossible to search and connect to a website by name.



This article was published on: 08/30/22

A Home / Featured / Bad Ubuntu update crashes global Azure Kubernetes services

Featured

Bad Ubuntu update crashes global Azure Kubernetes services



A flawed Ubuntu systemd update appears to have taken Azure virtual machines running on Ubuntu offline by breaking DNS – causing a significant Azure Kubernetes outage for Ubuntu users.

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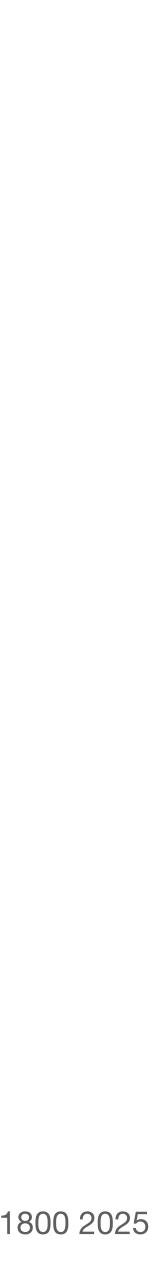
1/25 Post Incident Review (PIR) – Azure Networking – Global WAN issues (Tracking ID VSG1-B90)

What happened?

Between 07:08 UTC and 12:43 UTC on 25 January 2023, customers experienced issues with network connectivity, manifesting as long network latency and/or timeouts when attempting to connect to resources hosted in Azure regions, as well as other Microsoft services including Microsoft 365 and Power Platform. This incident also impacted Azure Government cloud services that were dependent on Azure public cloud. While most regions and services had recovered by 09:05 UTC, intermittent packet loss issues caused some customers to continue seeing connectivity issues due to two routers not being able to recover automatically. All issues were fully mitigated by 12:43 UTC.

How did we respond?

Our monitoring detected DNS and WAN issues starting at 07:11 UTC. We began investigating by reviewing all recent changes. By 08:20 UTC, as the automatic recovery was happening, we identified the problematic command that triggered the issue. Networking telemetry shows that nearly all network devices had recovered by 09:05 UTC, by which point most regions and services had recovered. Final networking equipment recovered by 09:25 UTC.



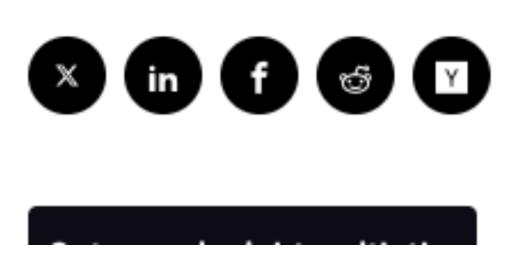
Daryna Antoniuk

January 31st, 2024



Nation-state News

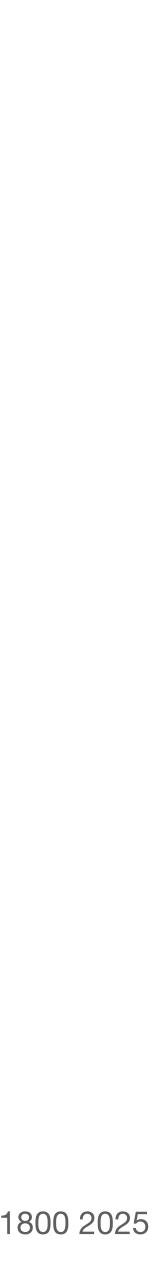
News



Russian top-level internet domain suffers massive outage

Russian citizens couldn't access the majority of websites on the country's .ru domain for several hours on Tuesday, including the Yandex search engine, the VKontakte social media platform, the major state-owned bank Sberbank and news outlets.

The outage was reportedly caused by a technical problem with the .ru domain's global Domain Name System Security Extensions, or DNSSEC. It appeared to be unintentional, unlike other recent blackouts of Russian internet services, which observers have tied to government intervention.



API, ChatGPT & Sora Facing Issues Incident Report for OpenAI

Postmortem

Introduction

This post-mortem details an incident that occurred on December 11, 2024, where all OpenAI services experienced significant downtime. The issue stemmed from a new telemetry service deployment that unintentionally overwhelmed the Kubernetes control plane, causing cascading failures across critical systems. In this post, we break down the root cause, outline the steps taken for remediation, and share the measures we are implementing to prevent similar incidents in the future.

https://status.openai.com/incidents/ctrsv3lwd797 (from 12/11/2024)

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https://status.openai.com/incidents/ctrsv3lwd797 (from 12/11/2024)

Telemetry services have a very wide footprint, so this new service's configuration unintentionally caused every node in each cluster to execute resource-intensive Kubernetes API operations whose cost scaled with the size of the cluster. With thousands of nodes performing these operations simultaneously, the Kubernetes API servers became overwhelmed, taking down the Kubernetes control plane in most of our large clusters. This issue was most pronounced in our largest clusters, so our testing didn't catch it – and DNS caching made the issue far less visible until the rollouts had begun fleet-wide.

The Kubernetes data plane can operate largely independently of the control plane, but DNS relies on the control plane – services don't know how to contact one another without the Kubernetes control plane.

In short, the root cause was a new telemetry service configuration that unexpectedly generated massive Kubernetes API load across large clusters, overwhelming the control plane and breaking DNS-based service discovery.

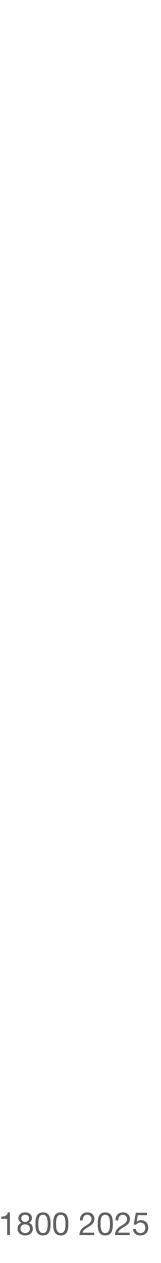




Mosquito Capital @MosquitoCapital · Nov 18, 2022 ... 52) DNS! If you f up DNS settings somehow, your entire *everything* can go dark. And I mean everything. Internal tools, the entire website, the literal DOORS TO YOUR OFFICE (that's not hypothetical). And if your DNS registration lapses, someone can steal your site! Forever!

https://twitter.com/MosquitoCapital/status/1593541217136316416

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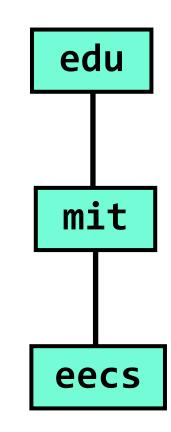


naming case study:

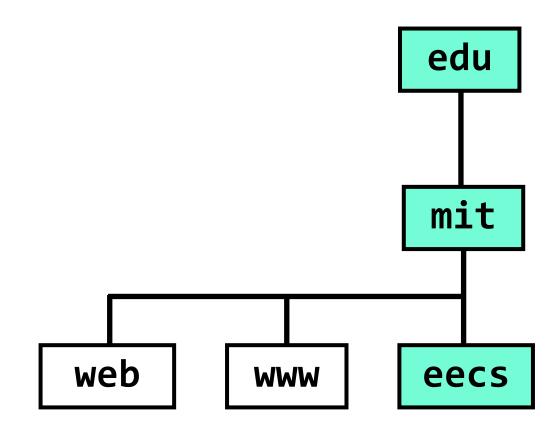
the domain name system (DNS), which maps hostnames (eecs.mit.edu) to IP addresses (18.25.0.23)



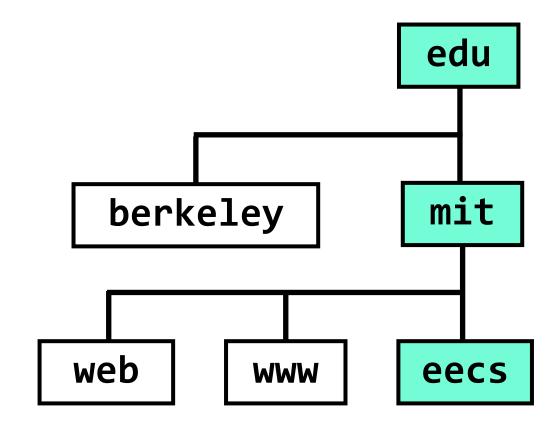




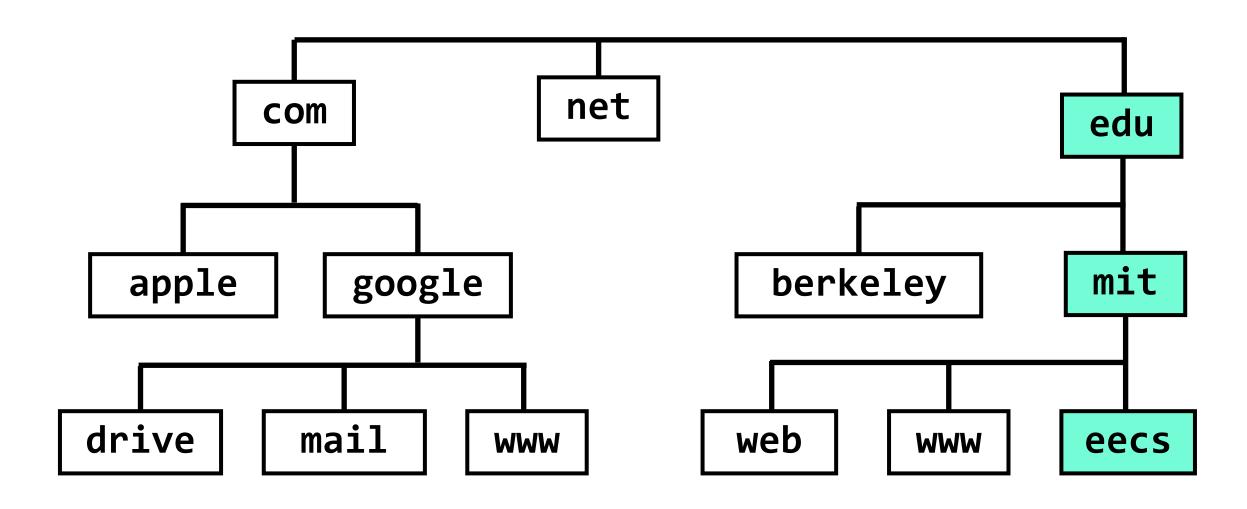




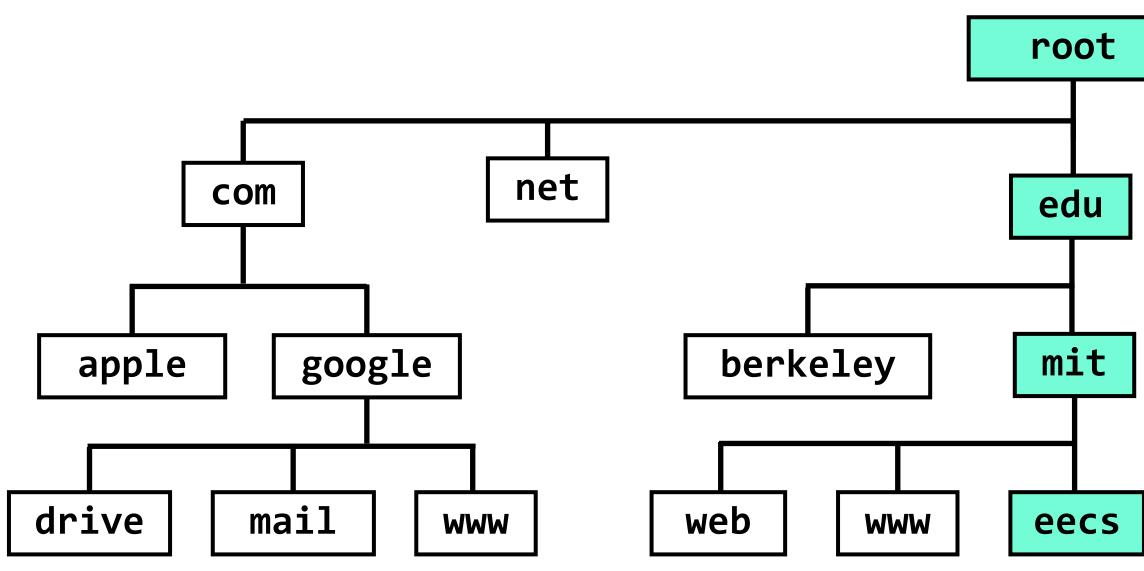








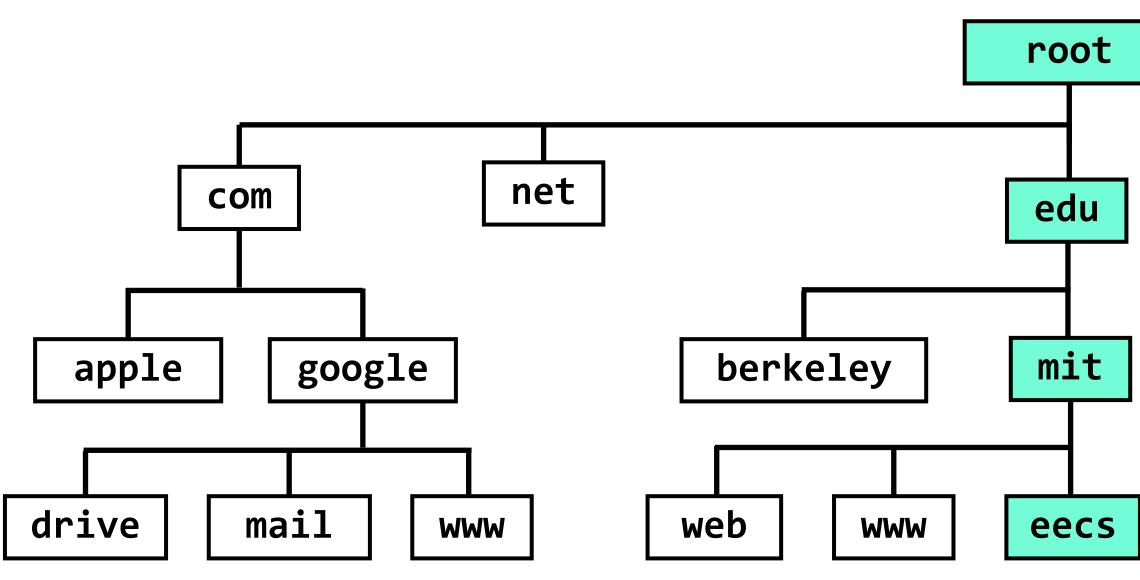




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the look-up algorithm has to scale to the size of the Internet, while dealing with constant updates and issues of delegation

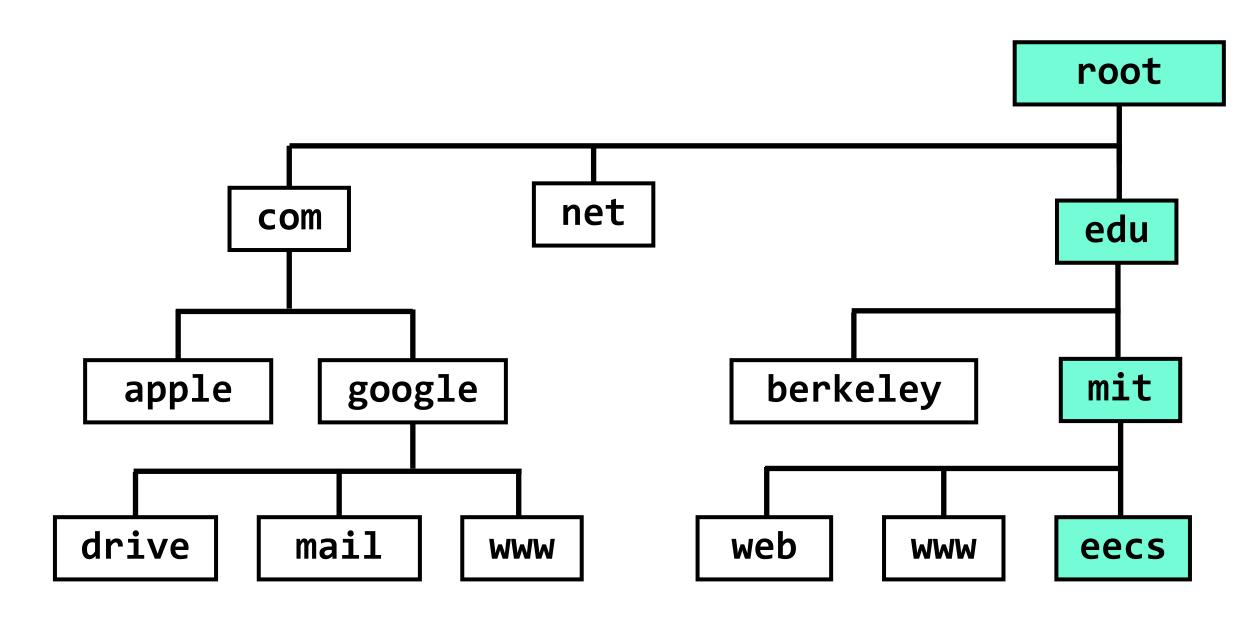


a partial view of the DNS hierarchy. each box represents a **zone**. name servers within a zone keep track of that zone's mappings

	1	



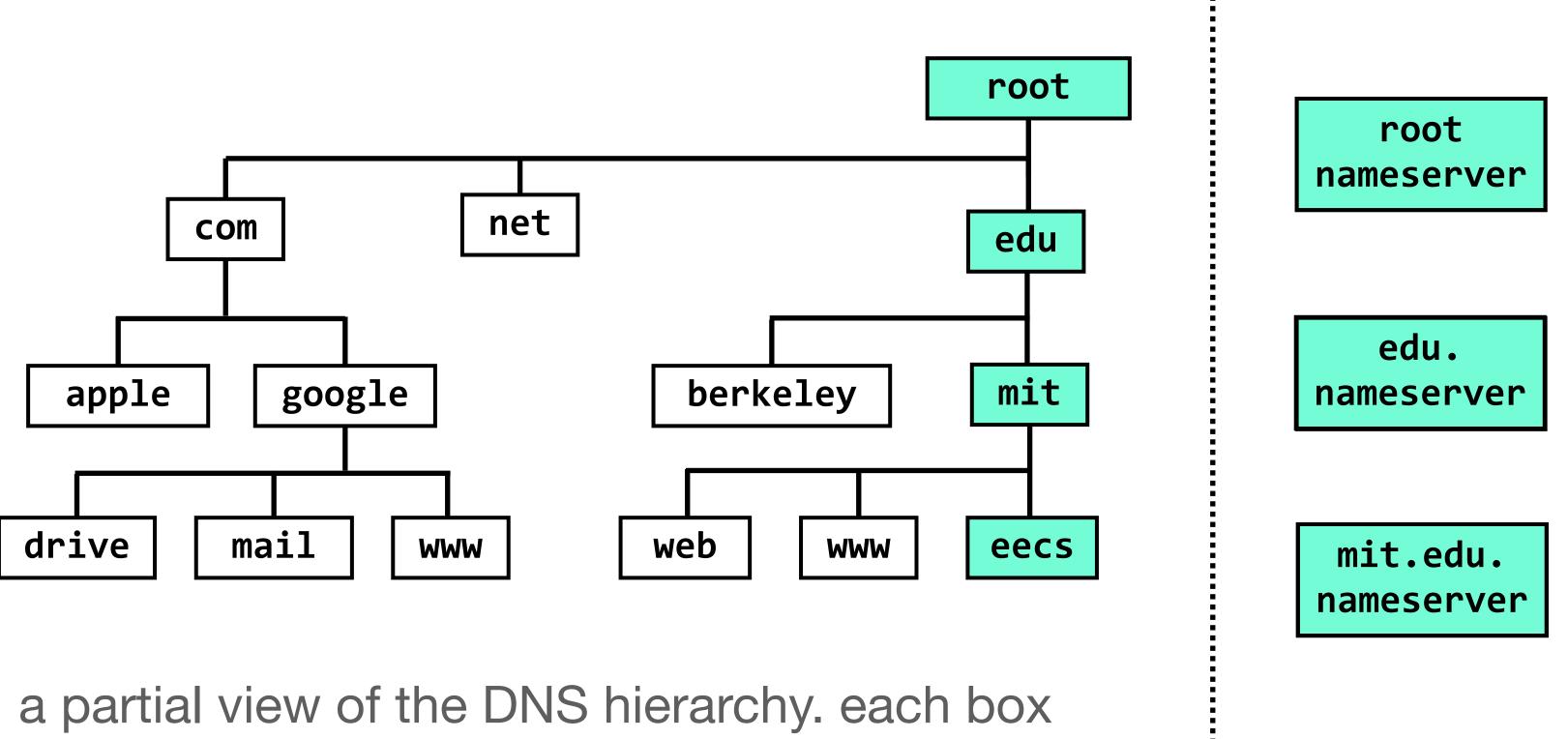
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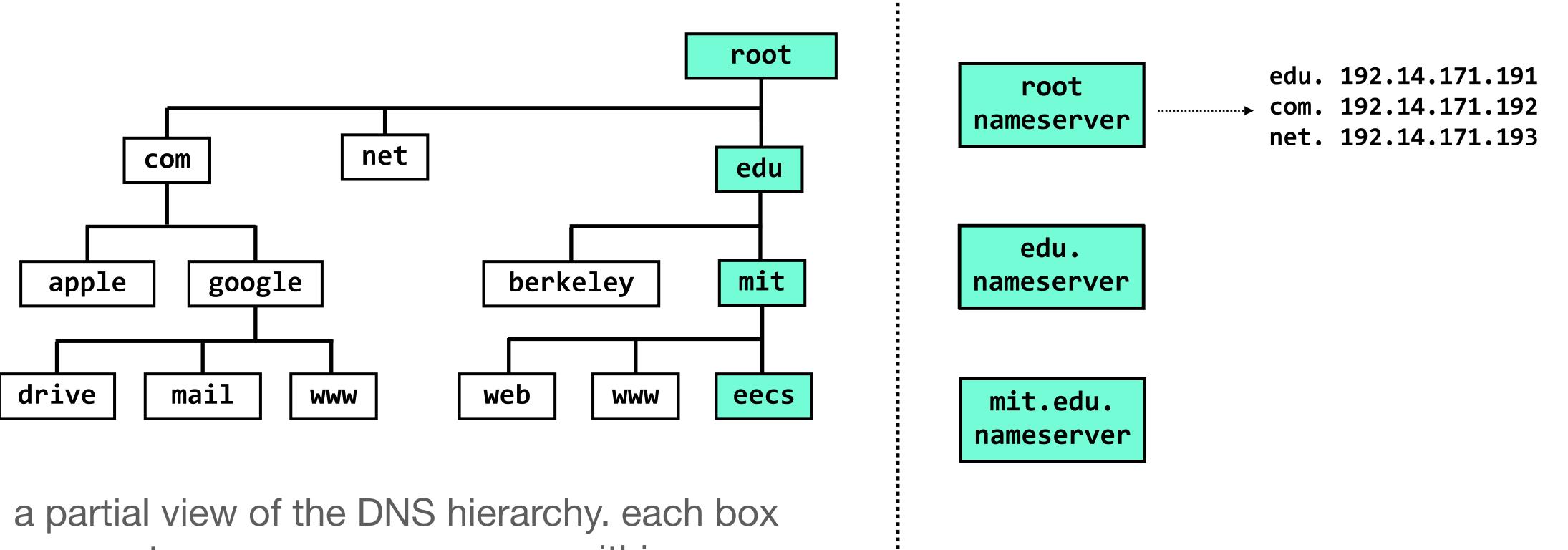


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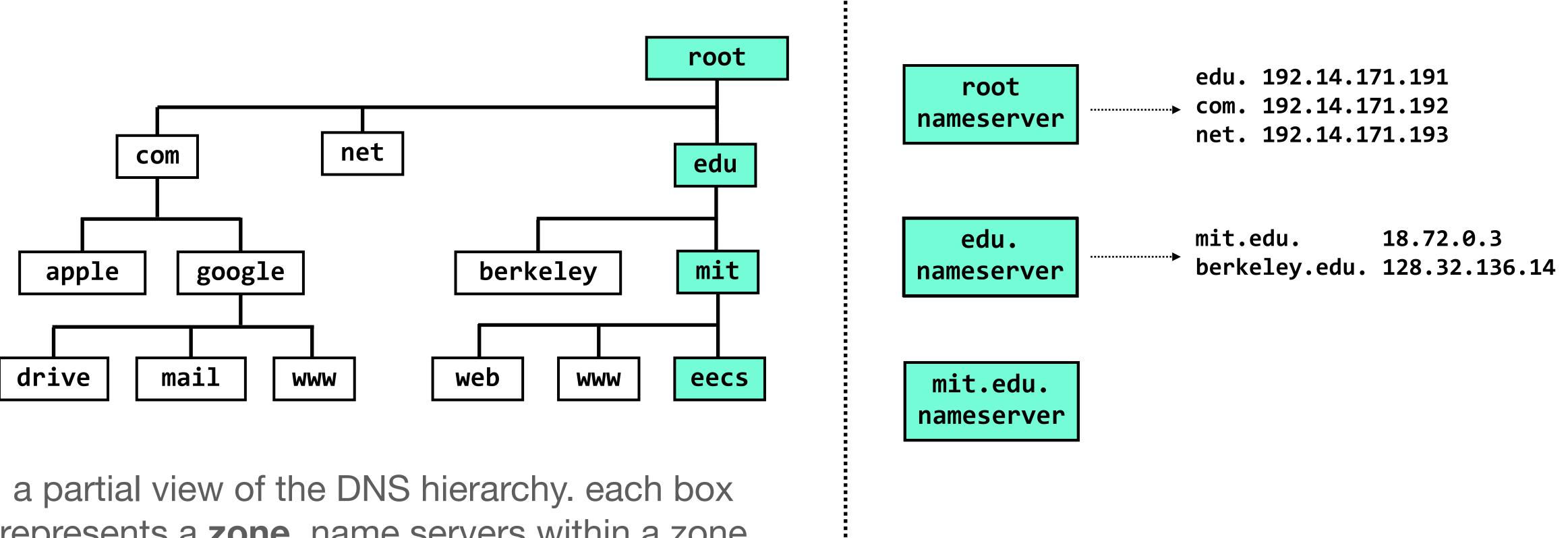


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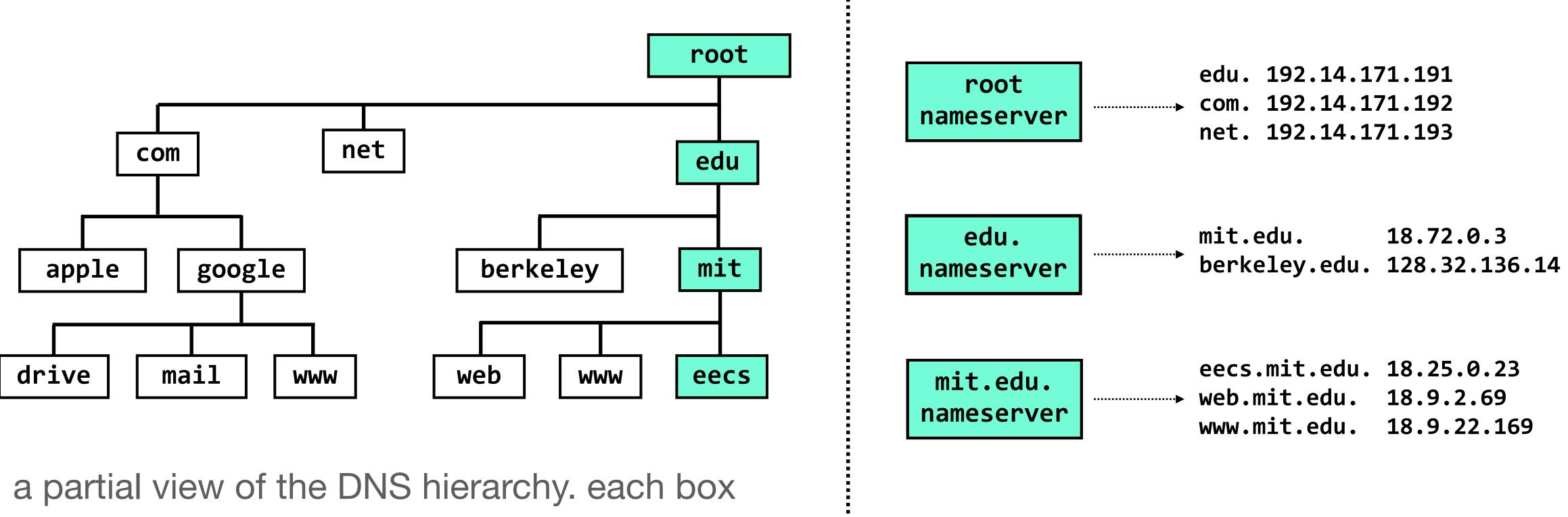


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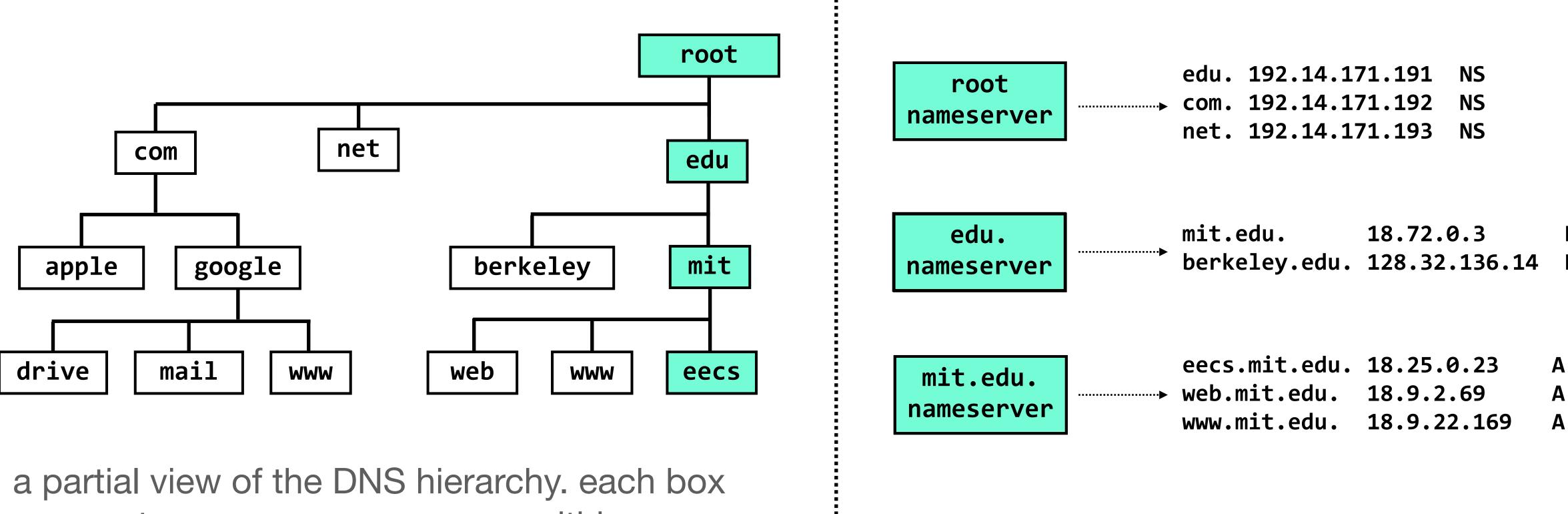


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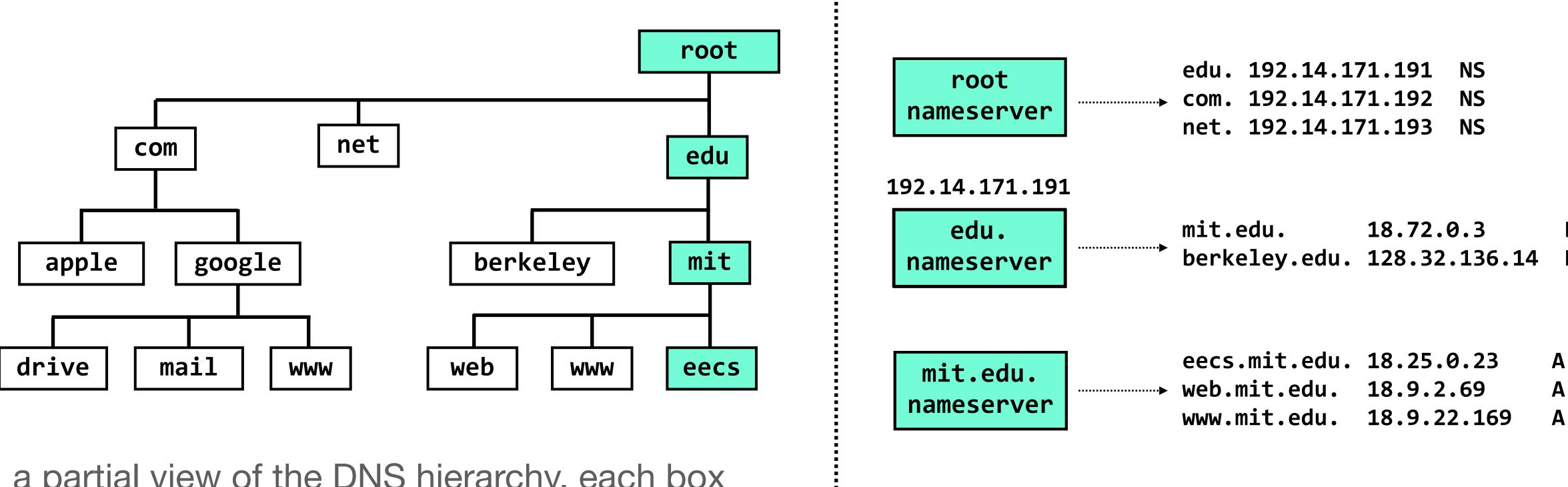


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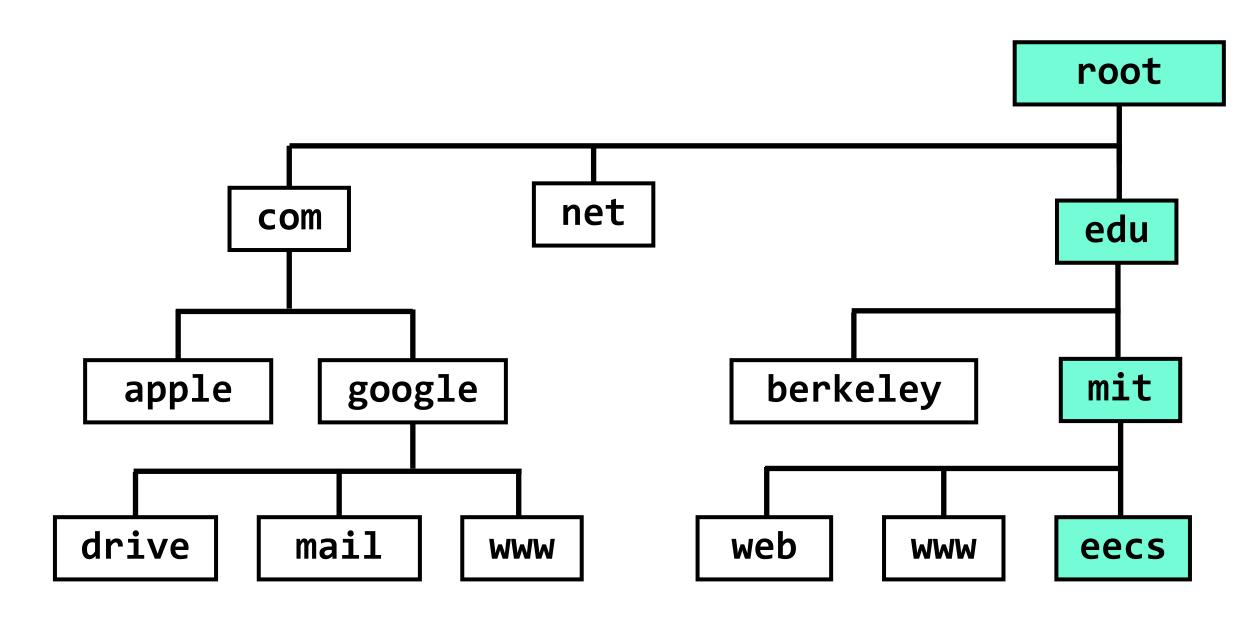
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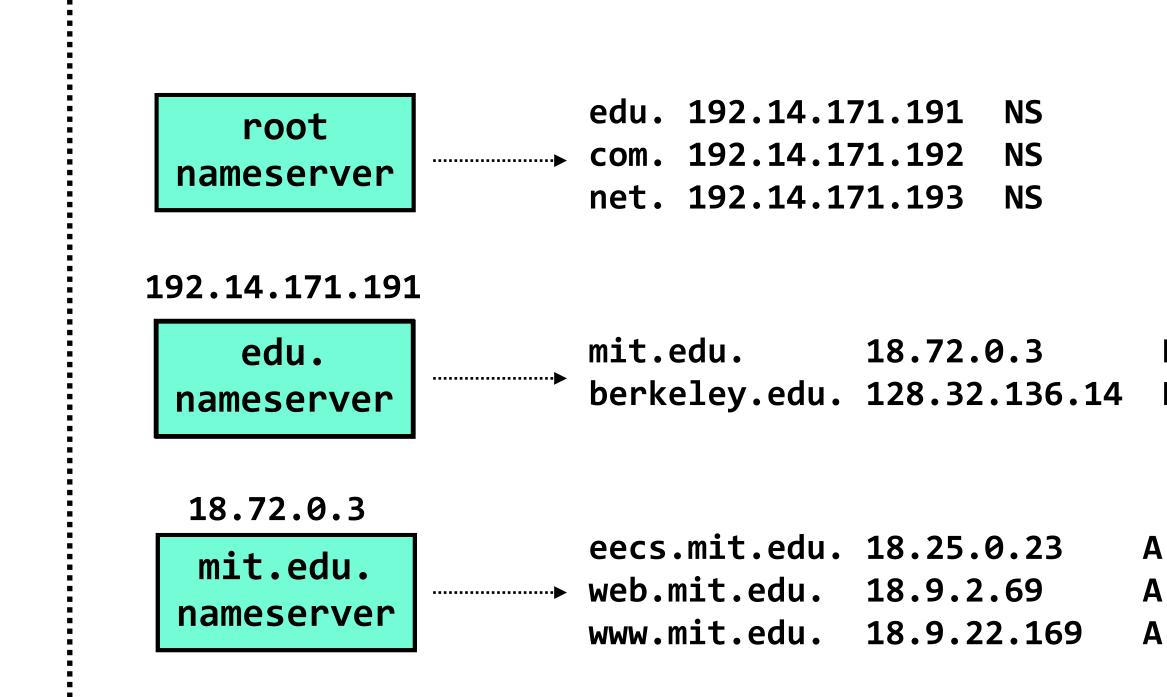




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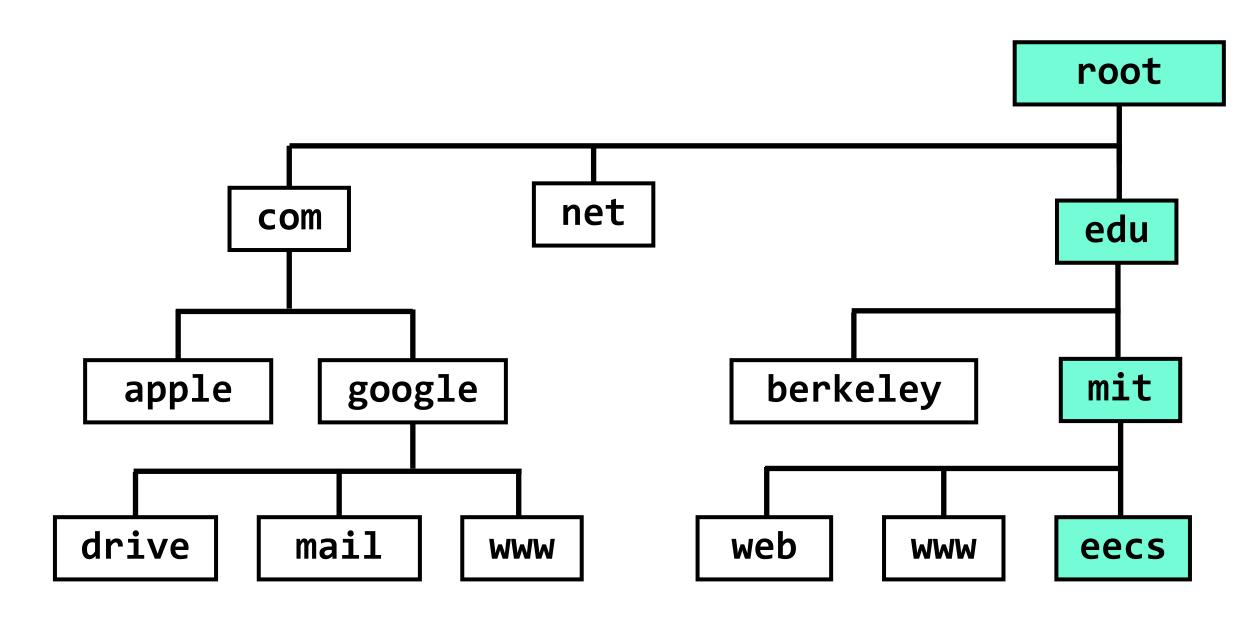
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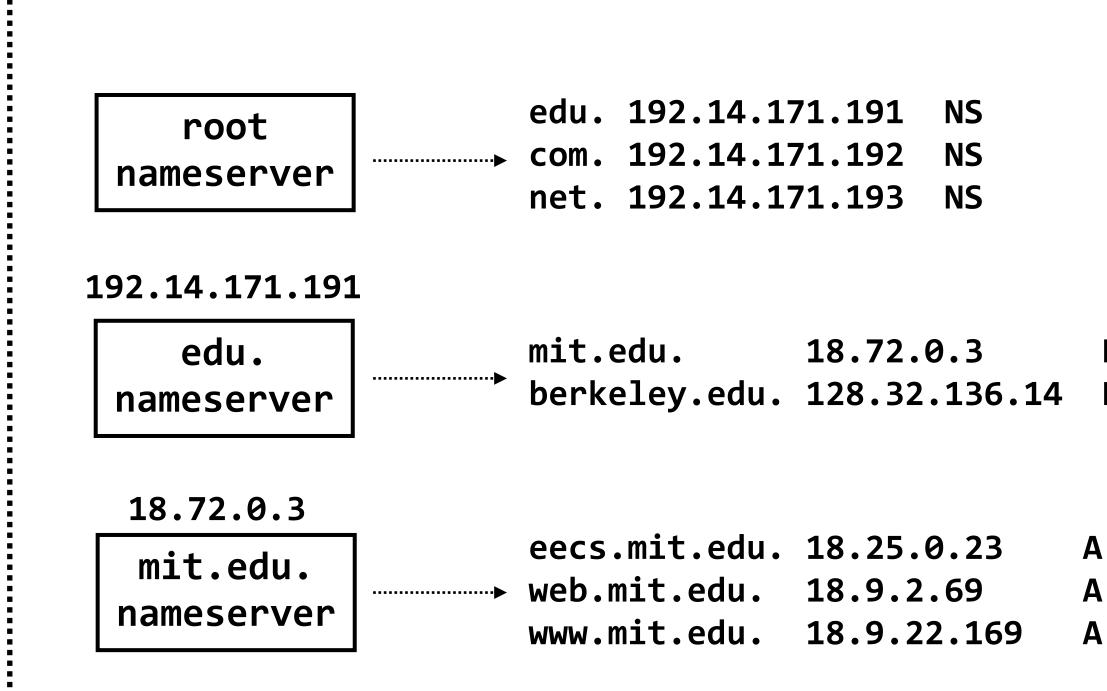




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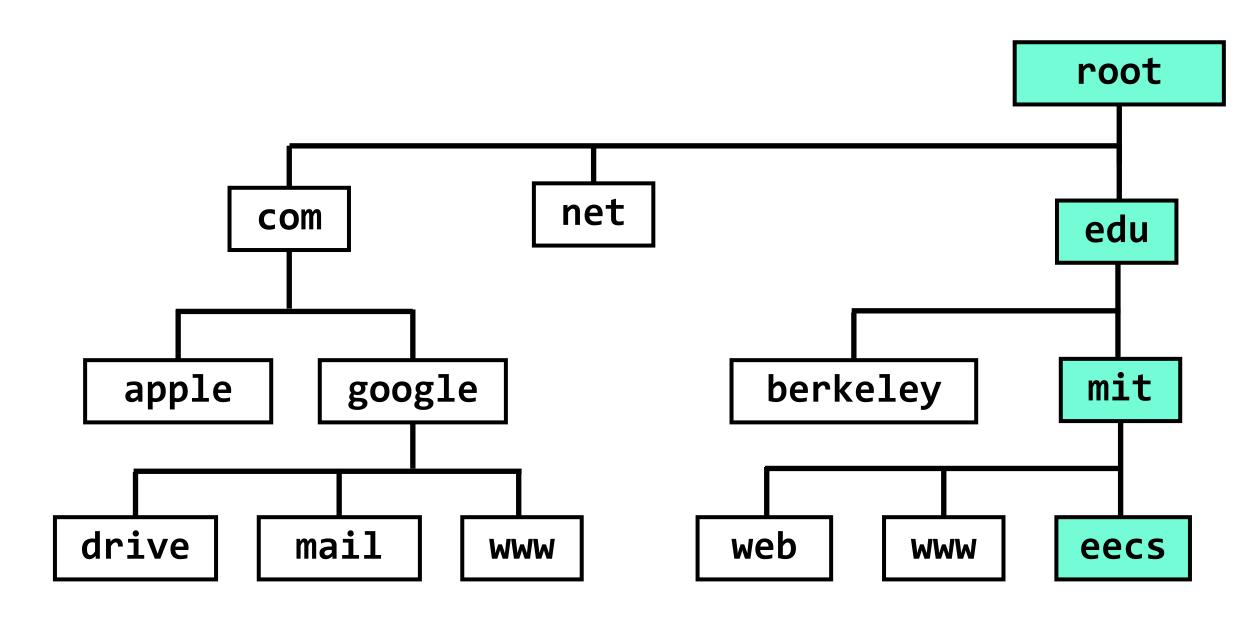
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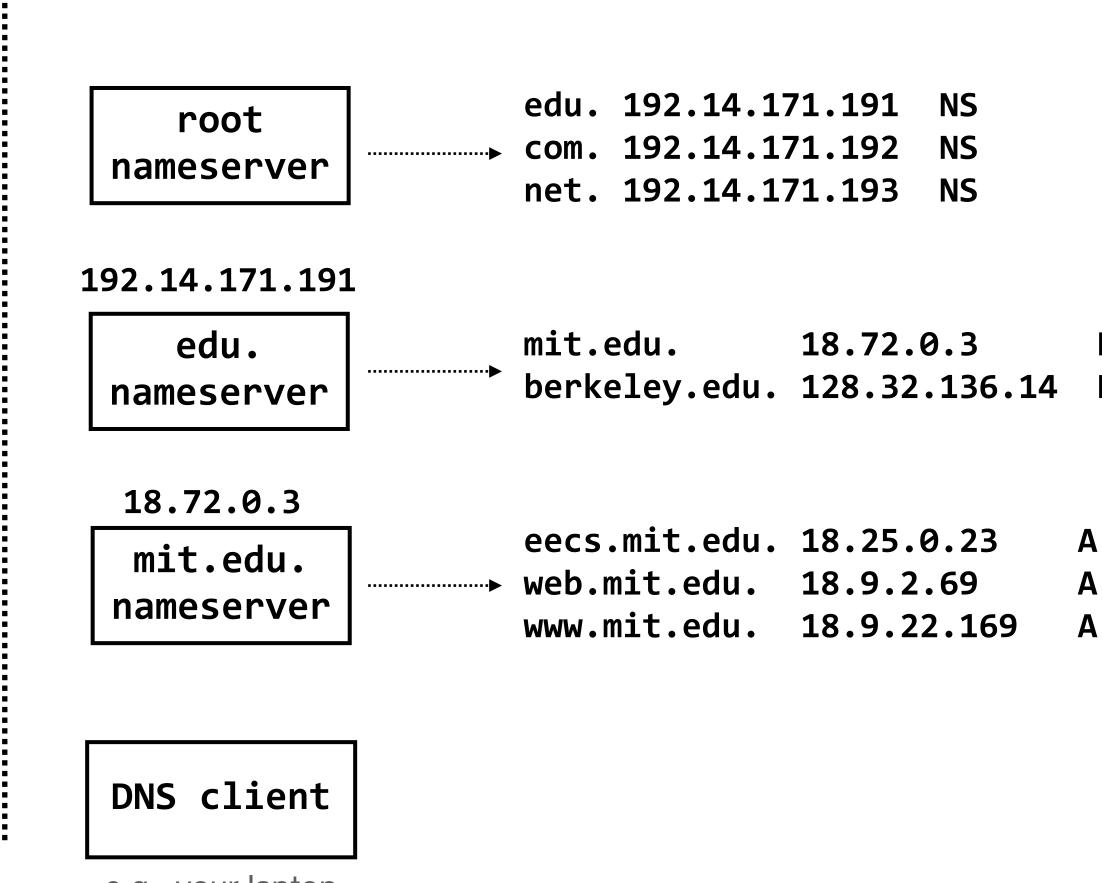




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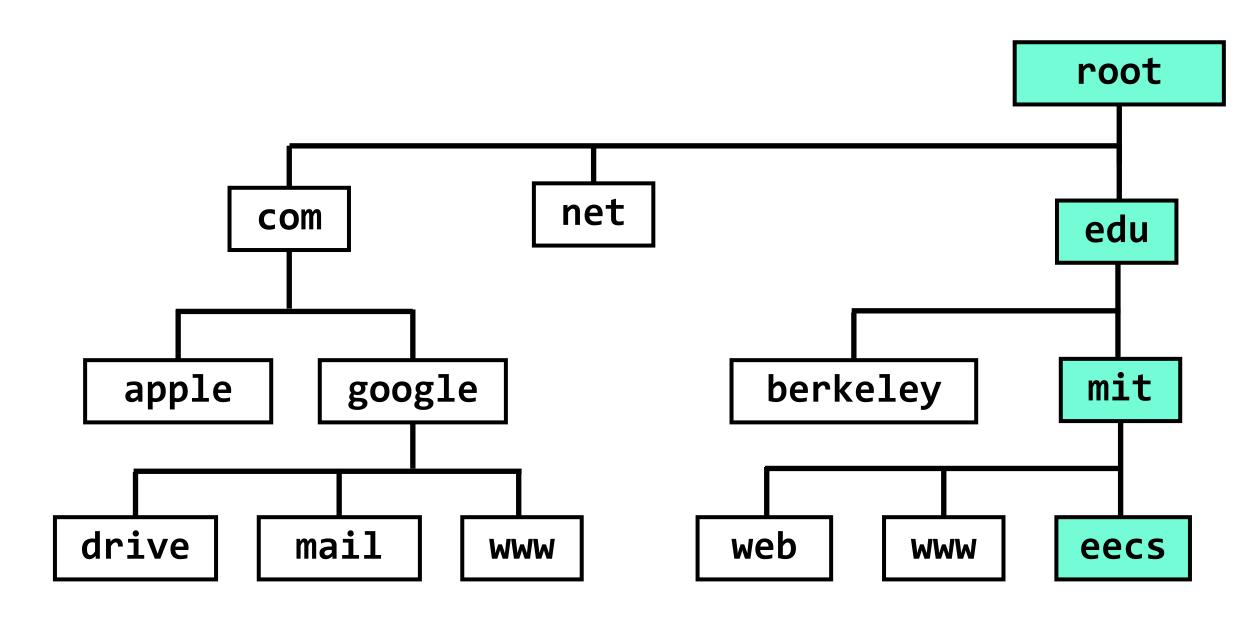


e.g., your laptop

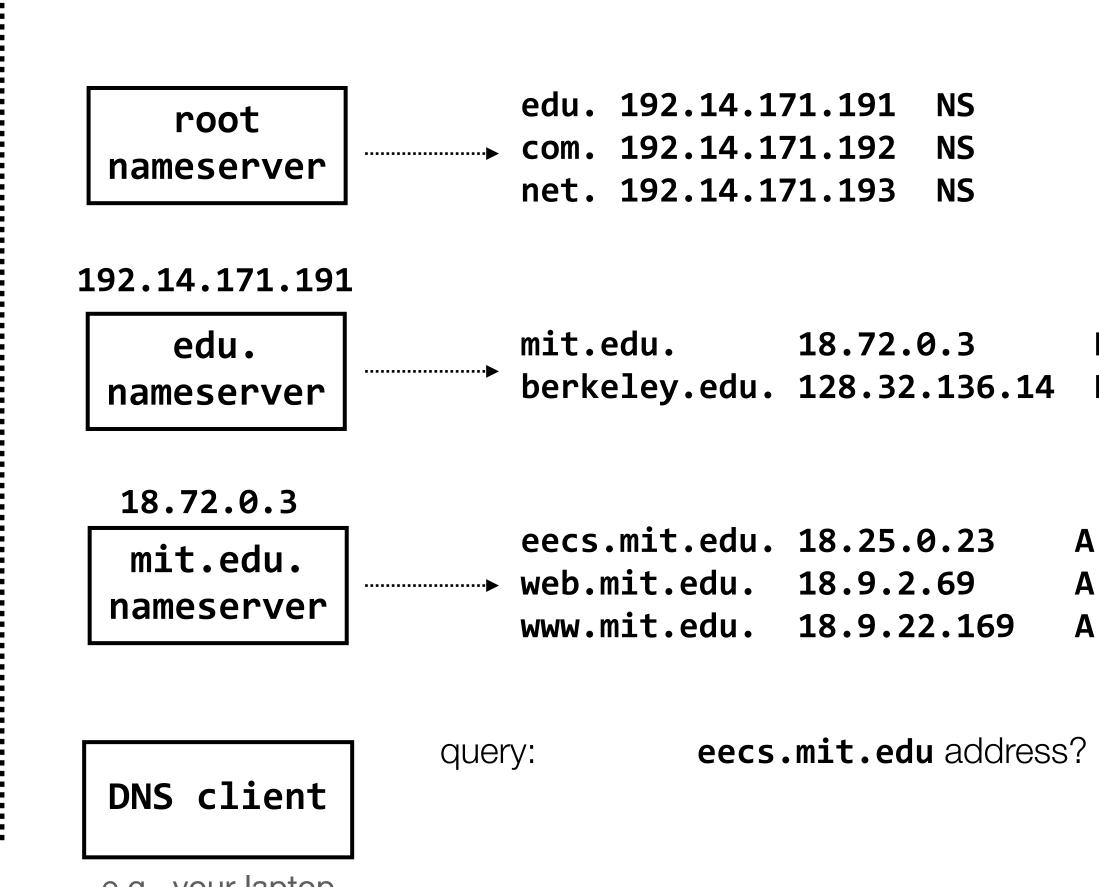




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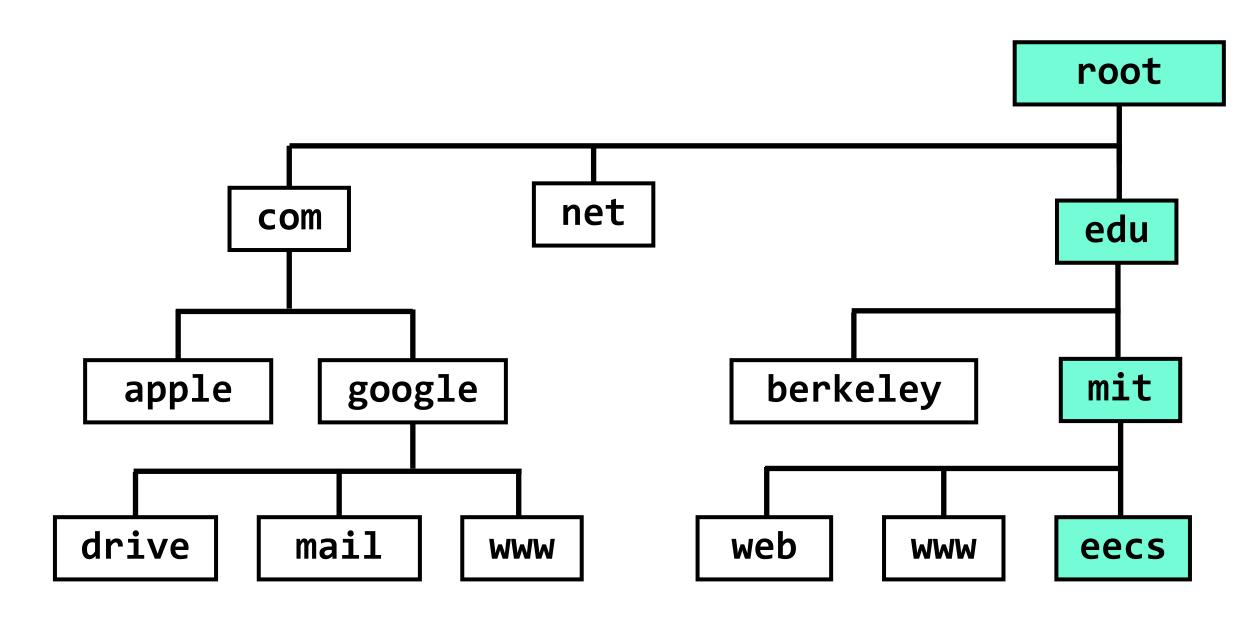
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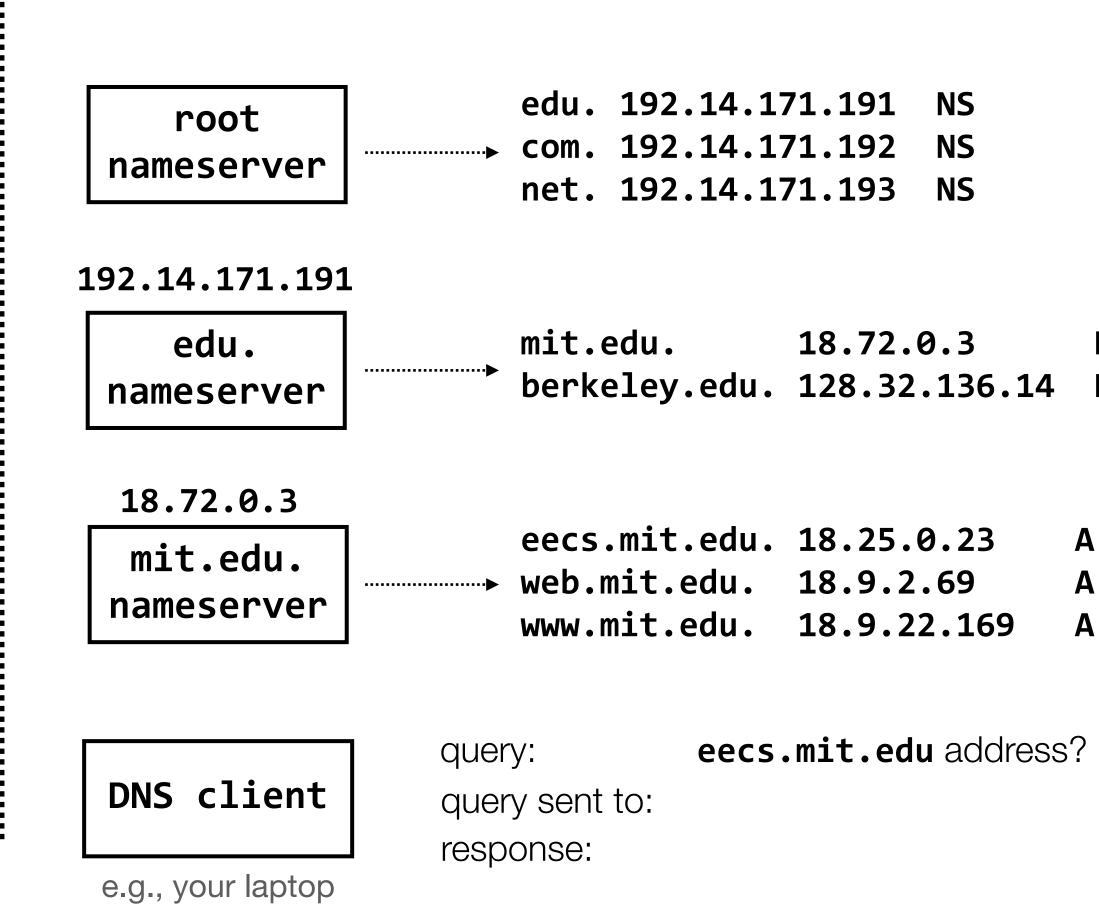




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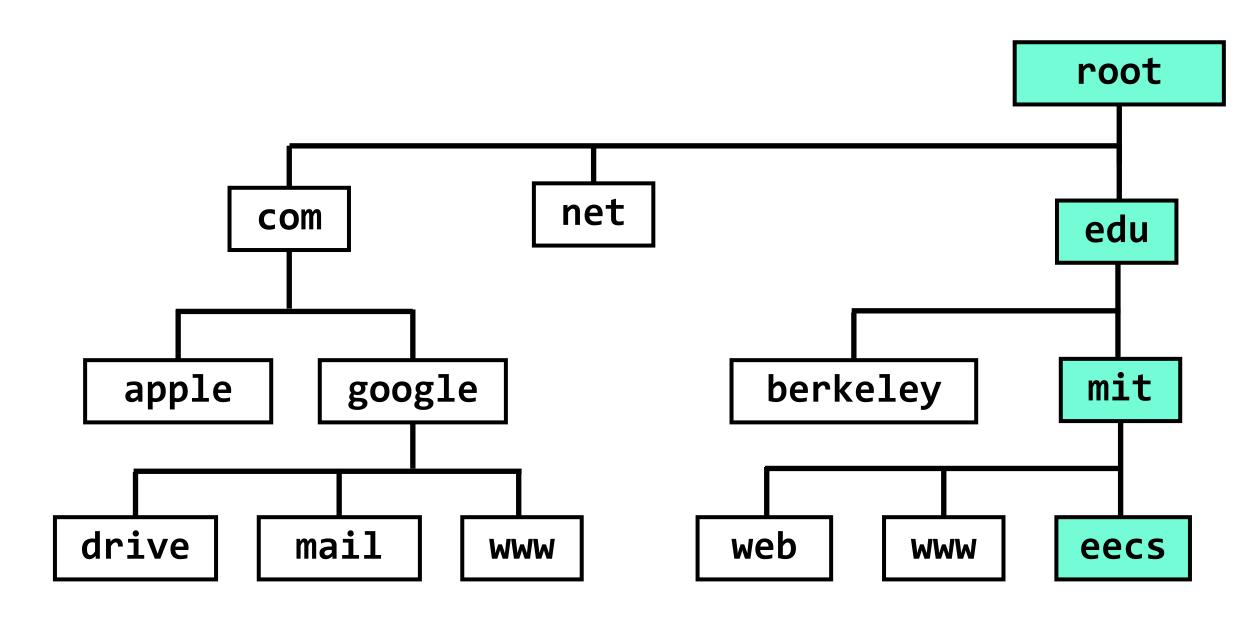


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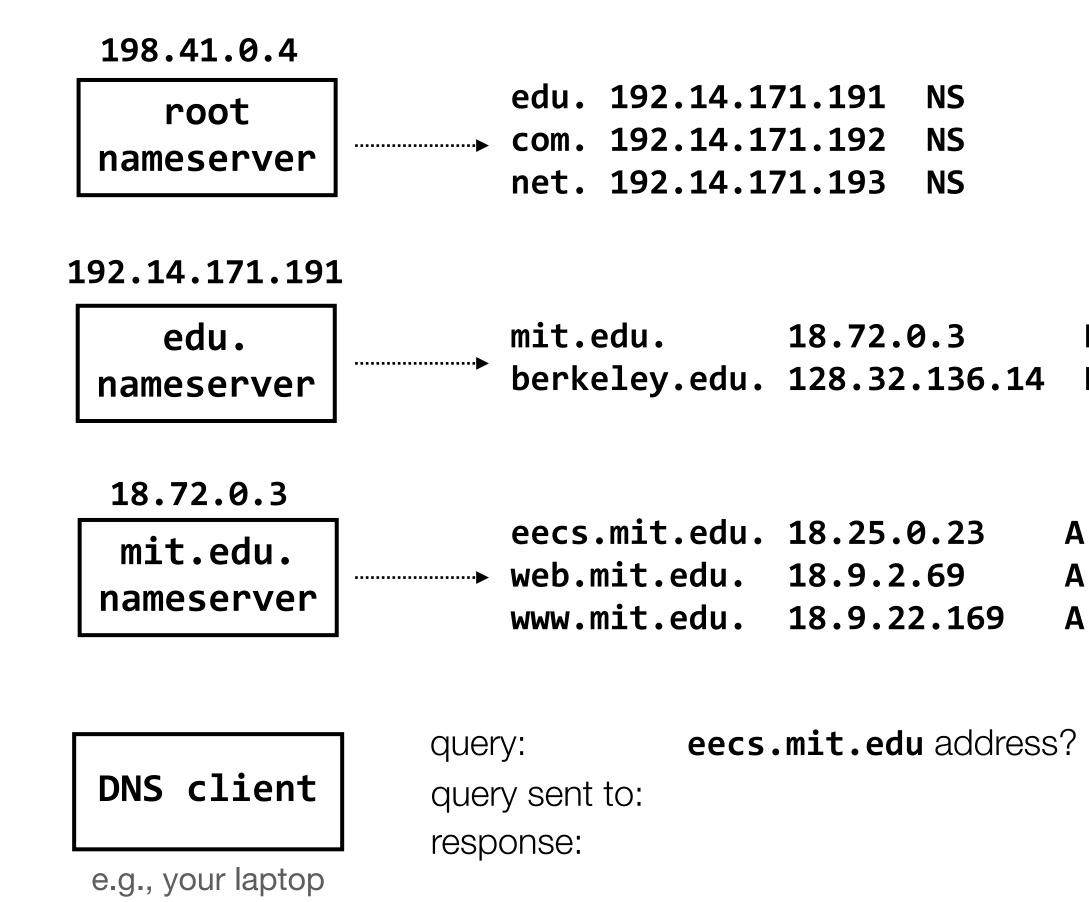




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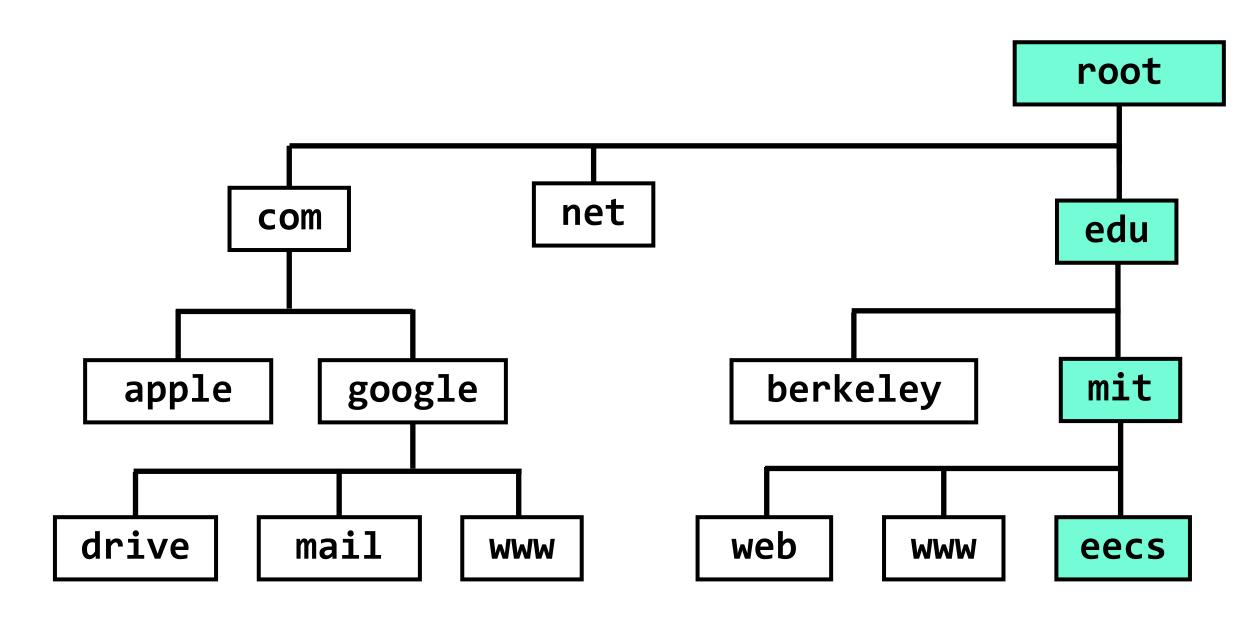


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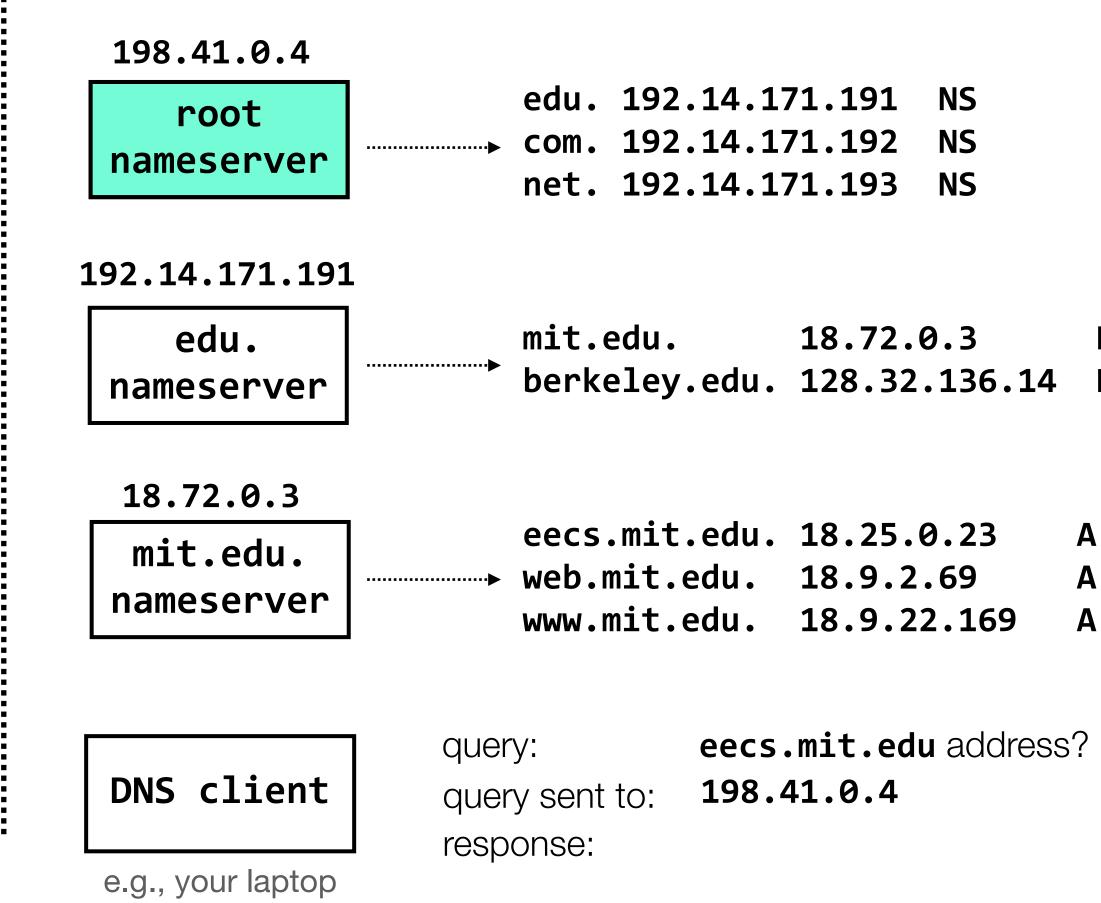




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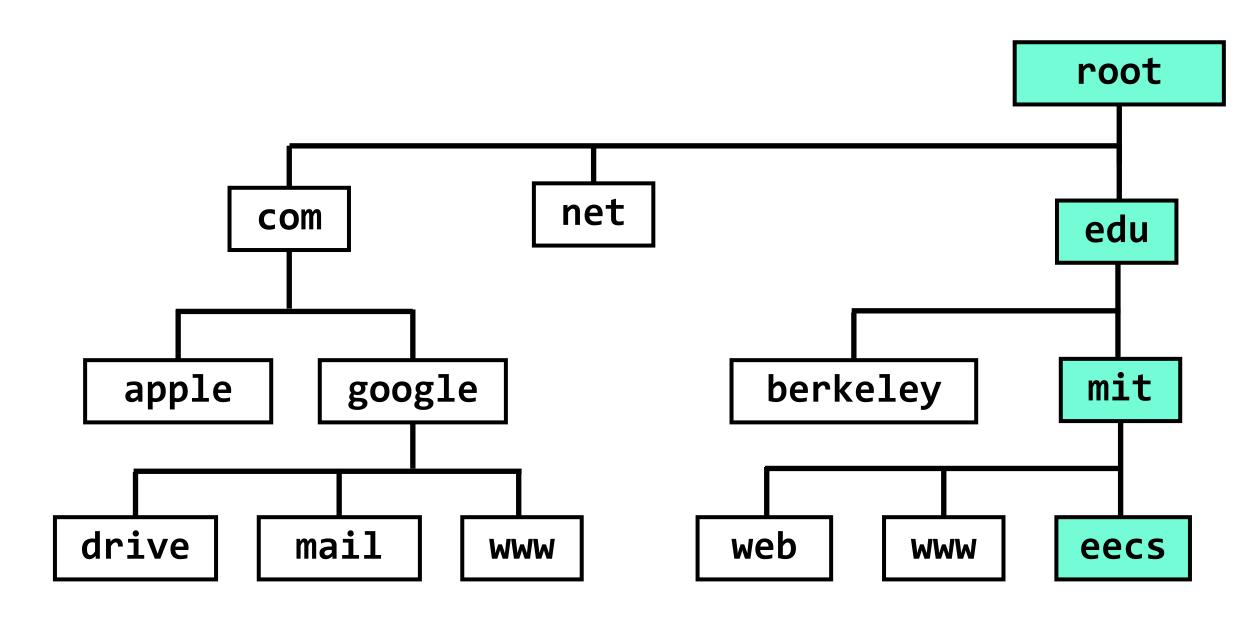


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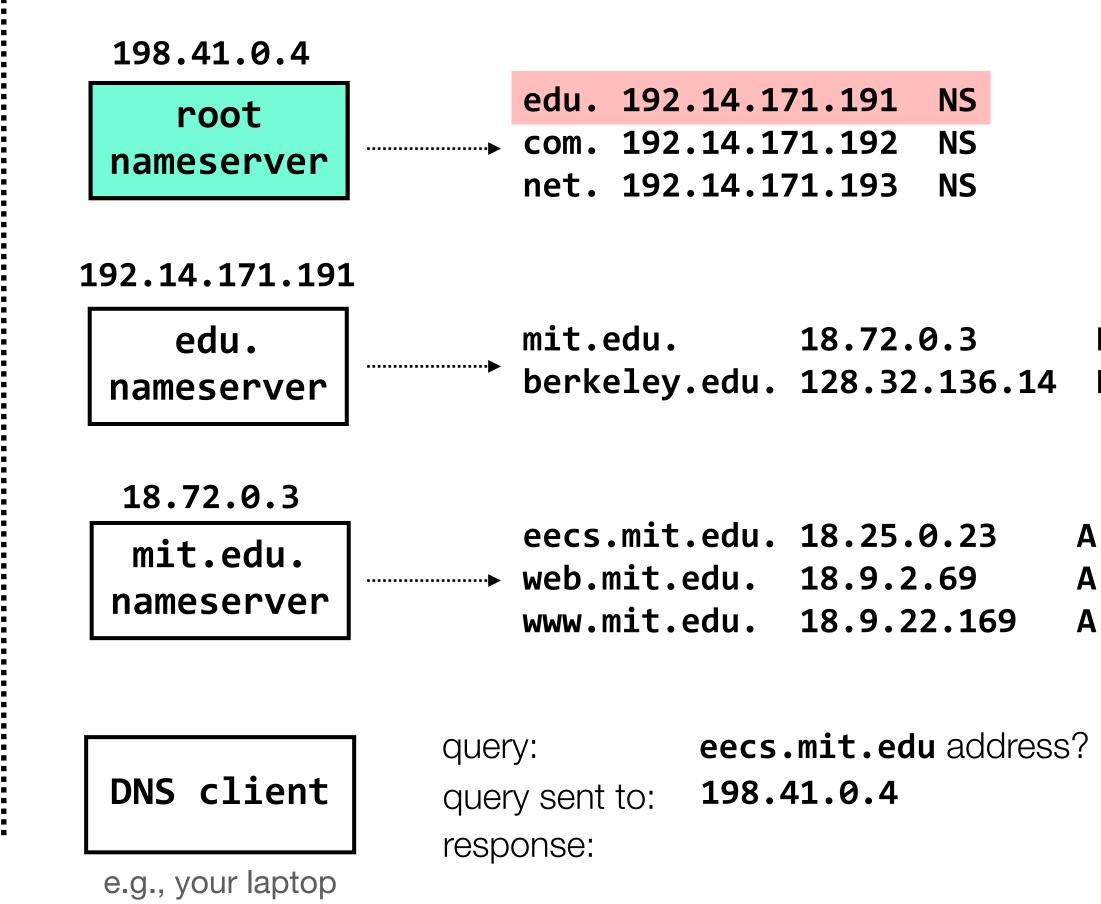




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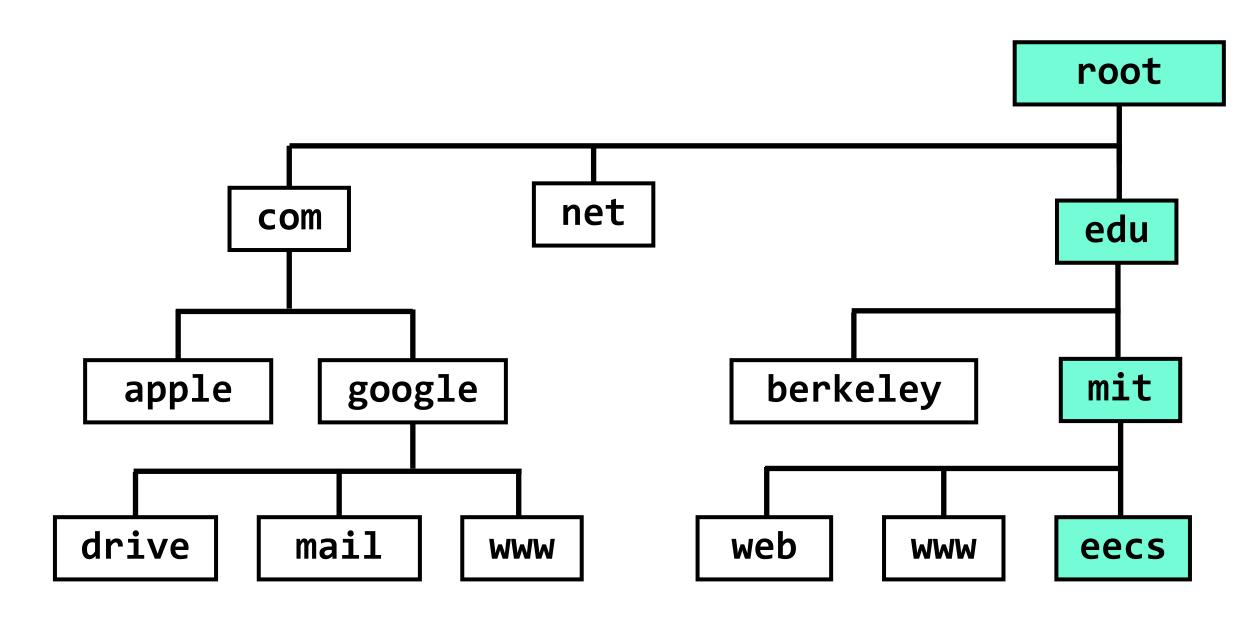


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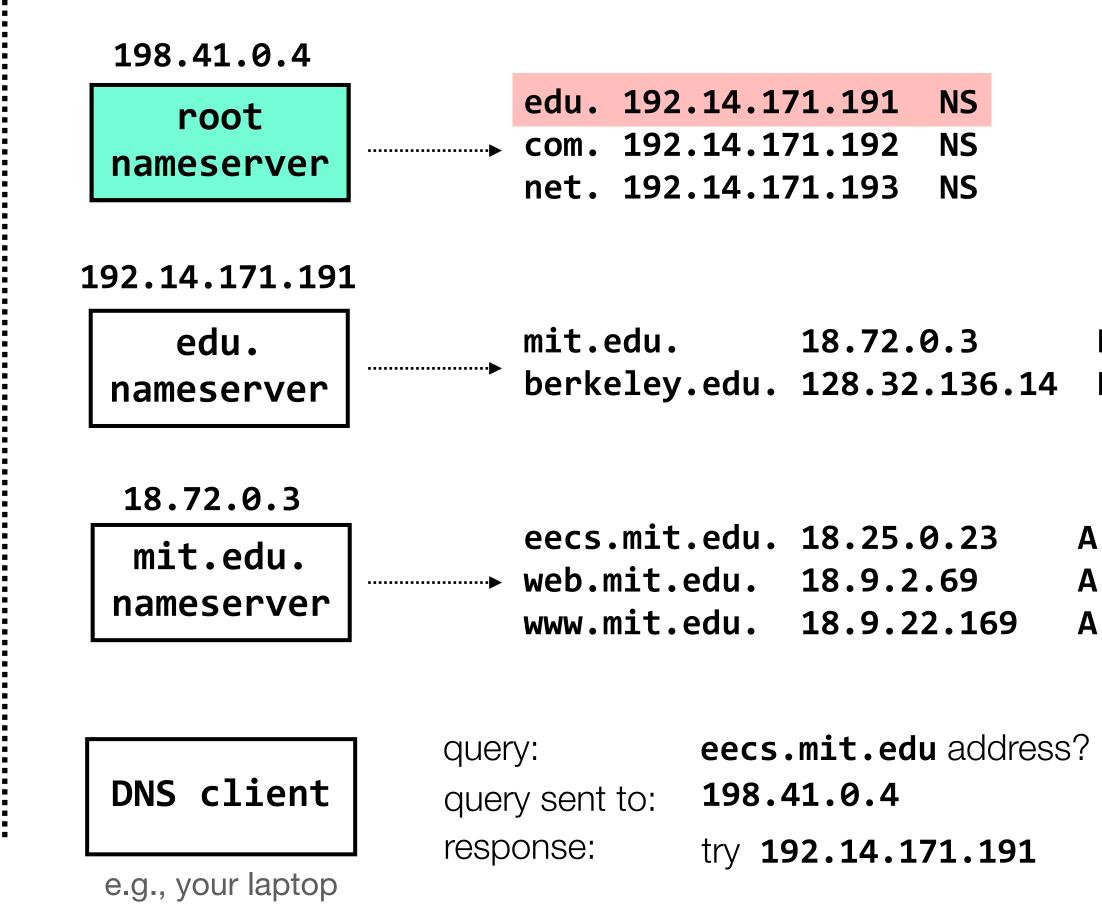




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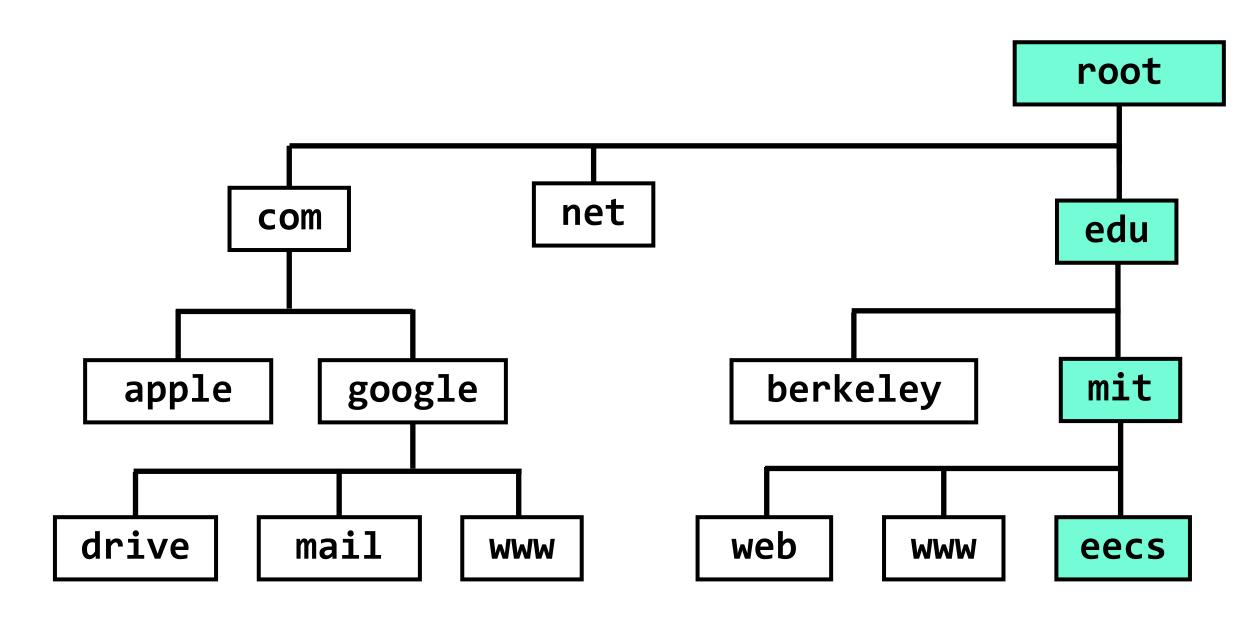


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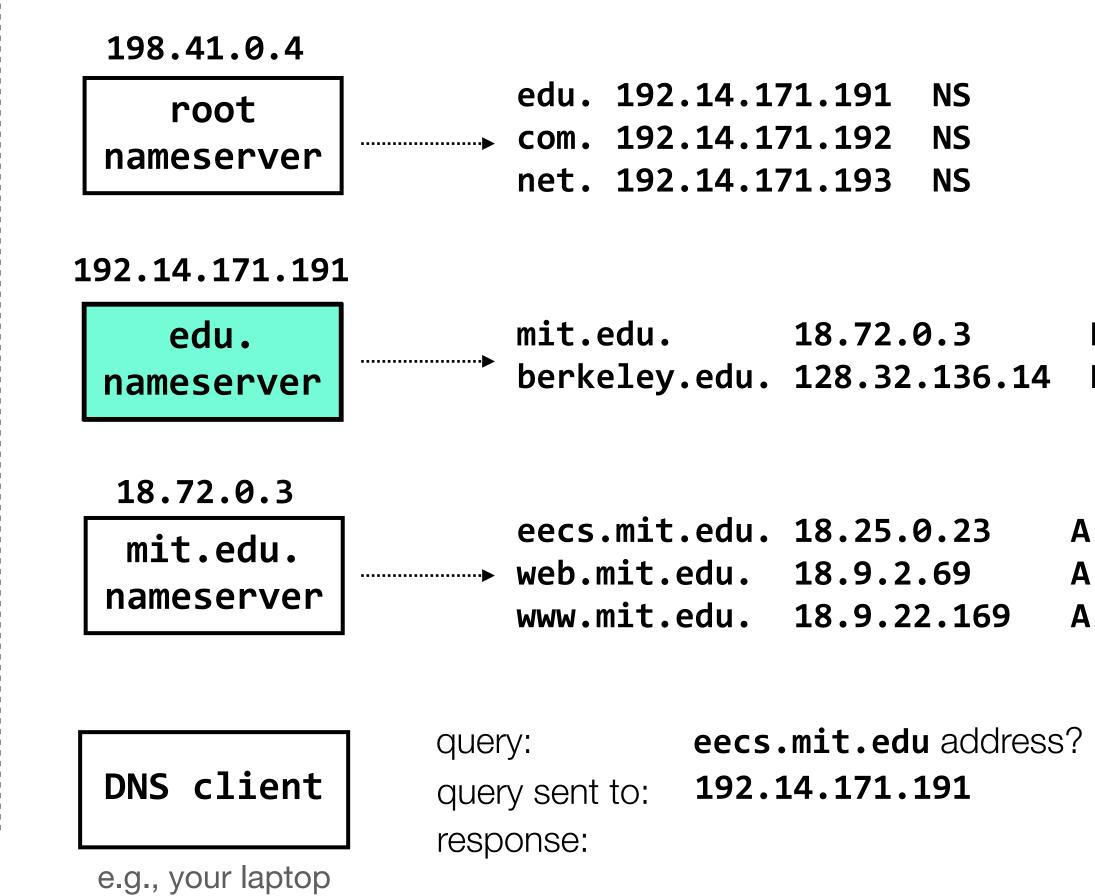




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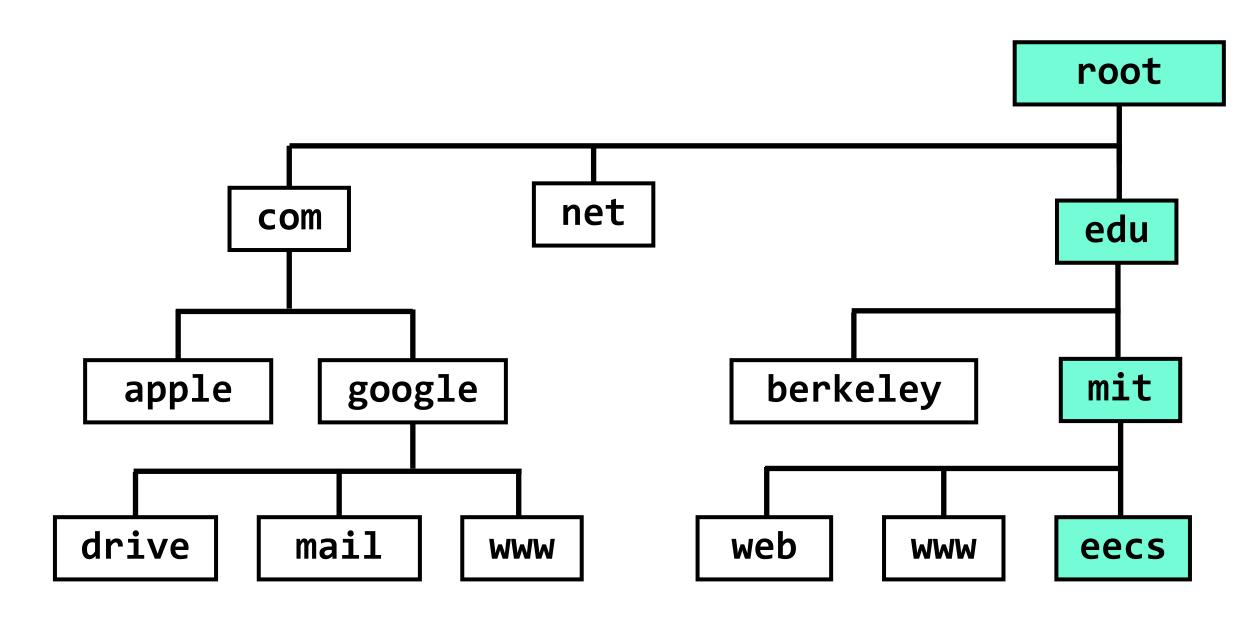


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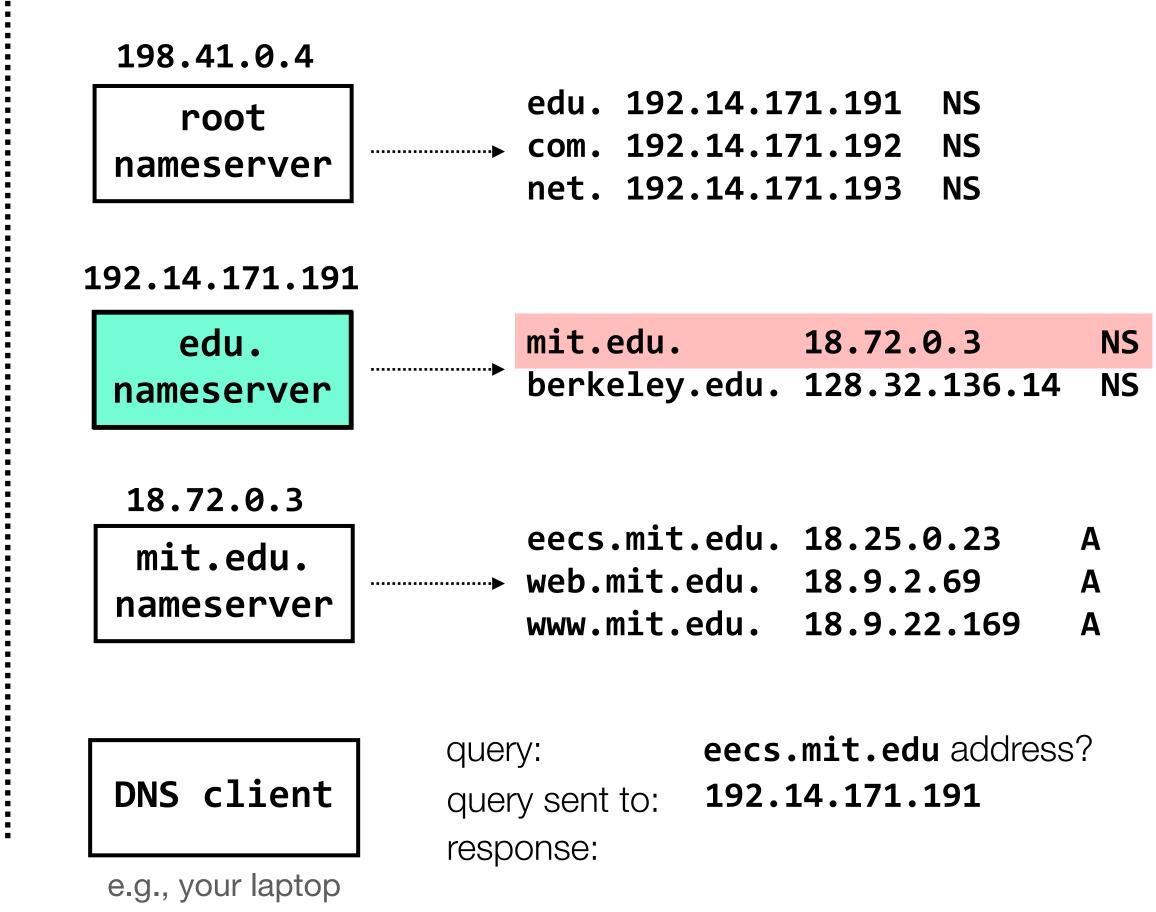




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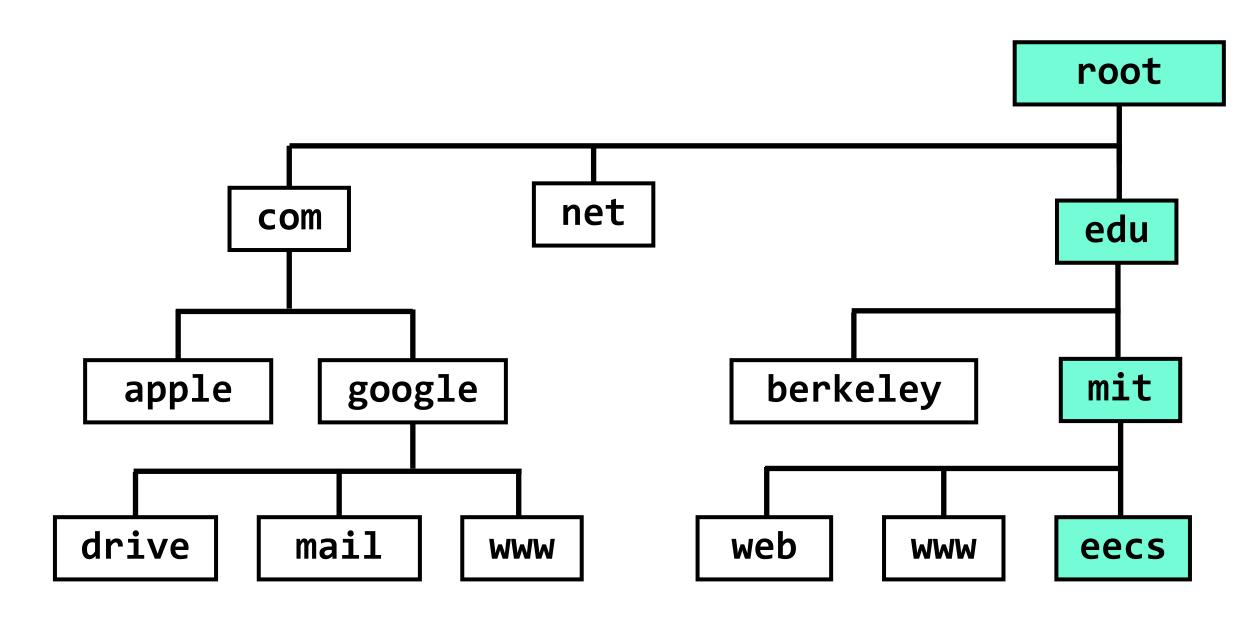
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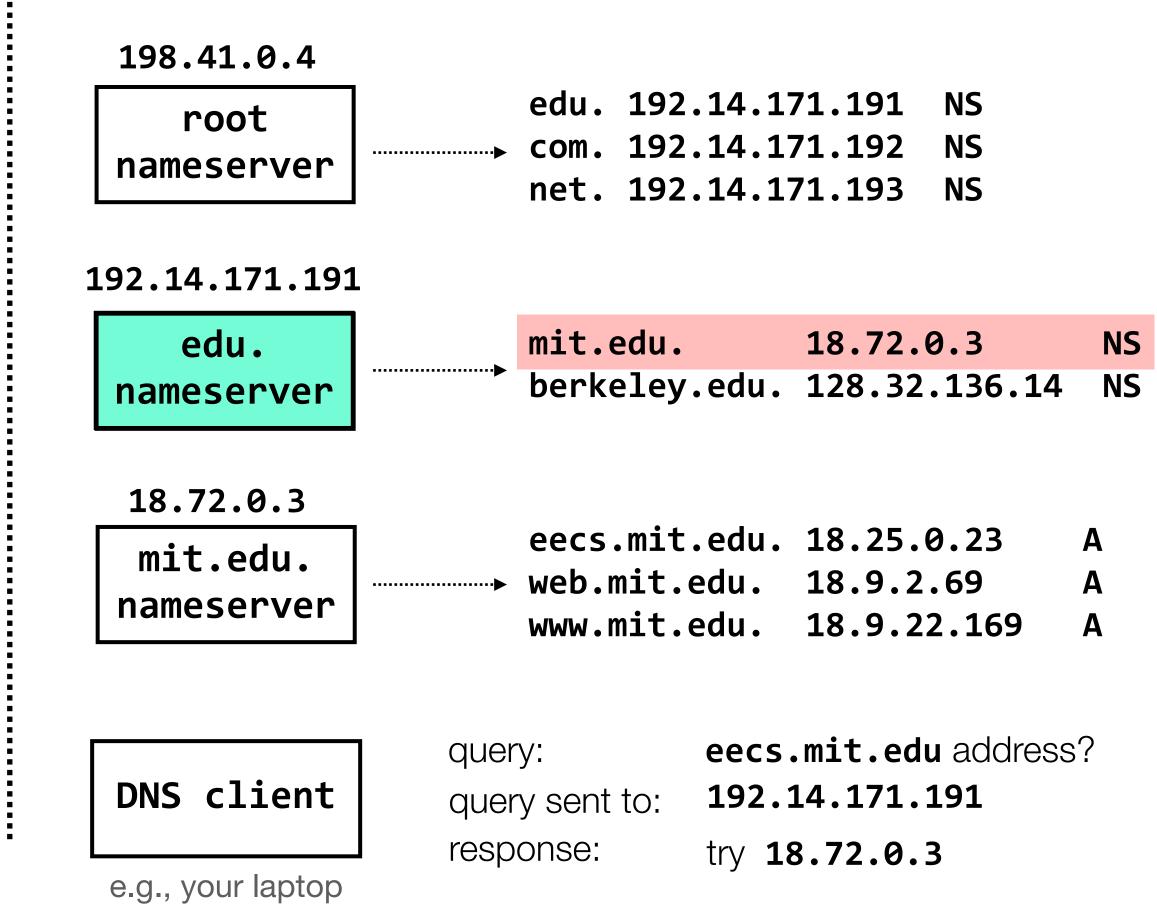




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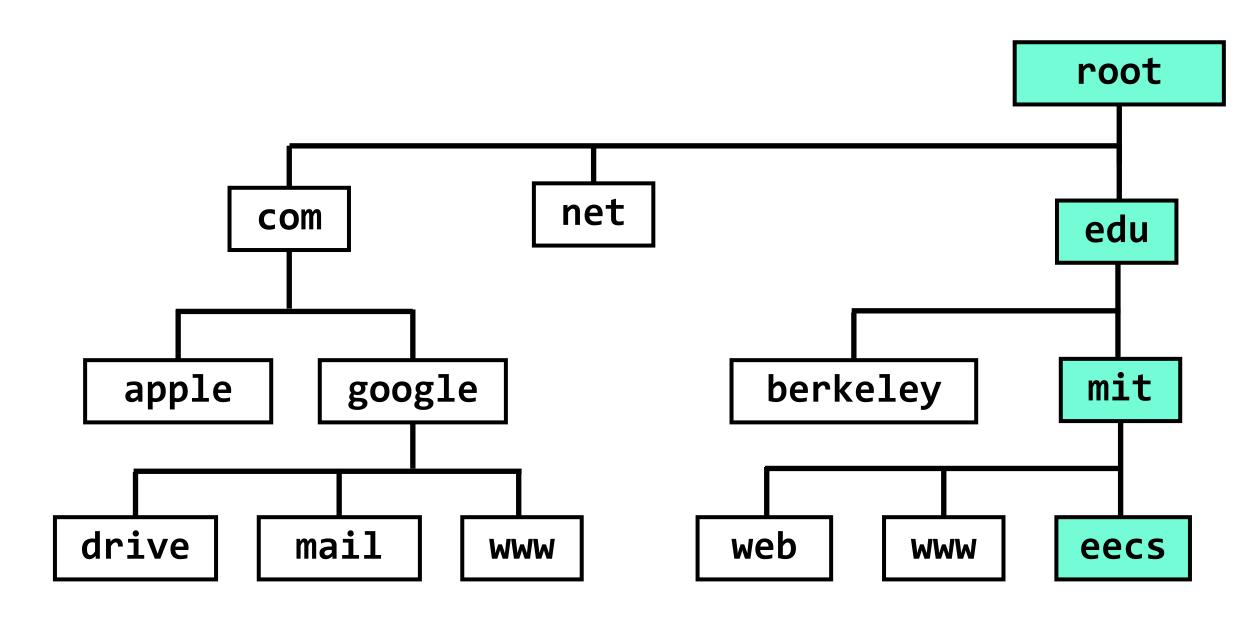
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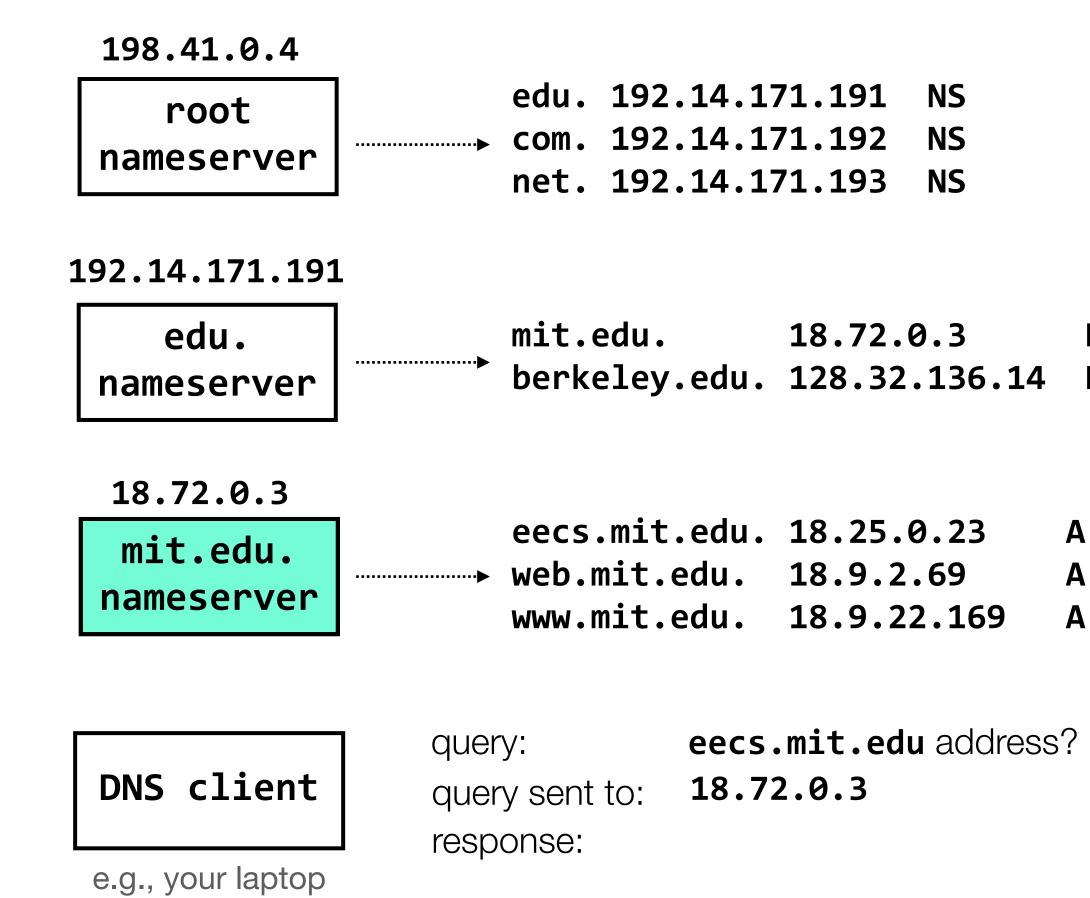




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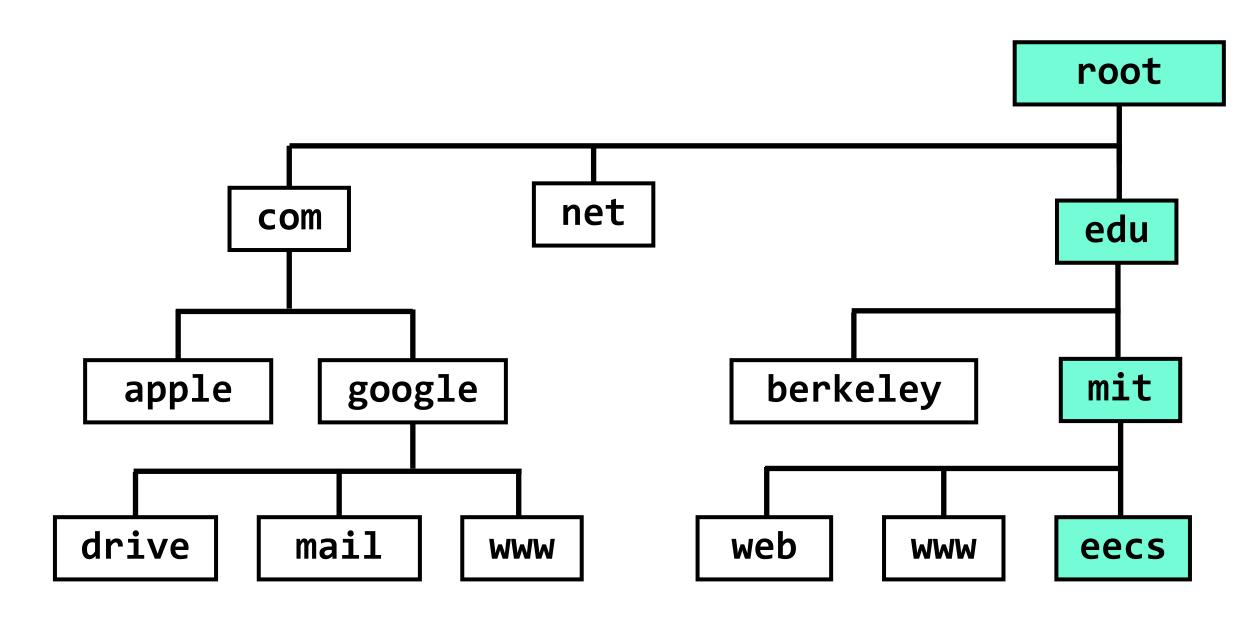


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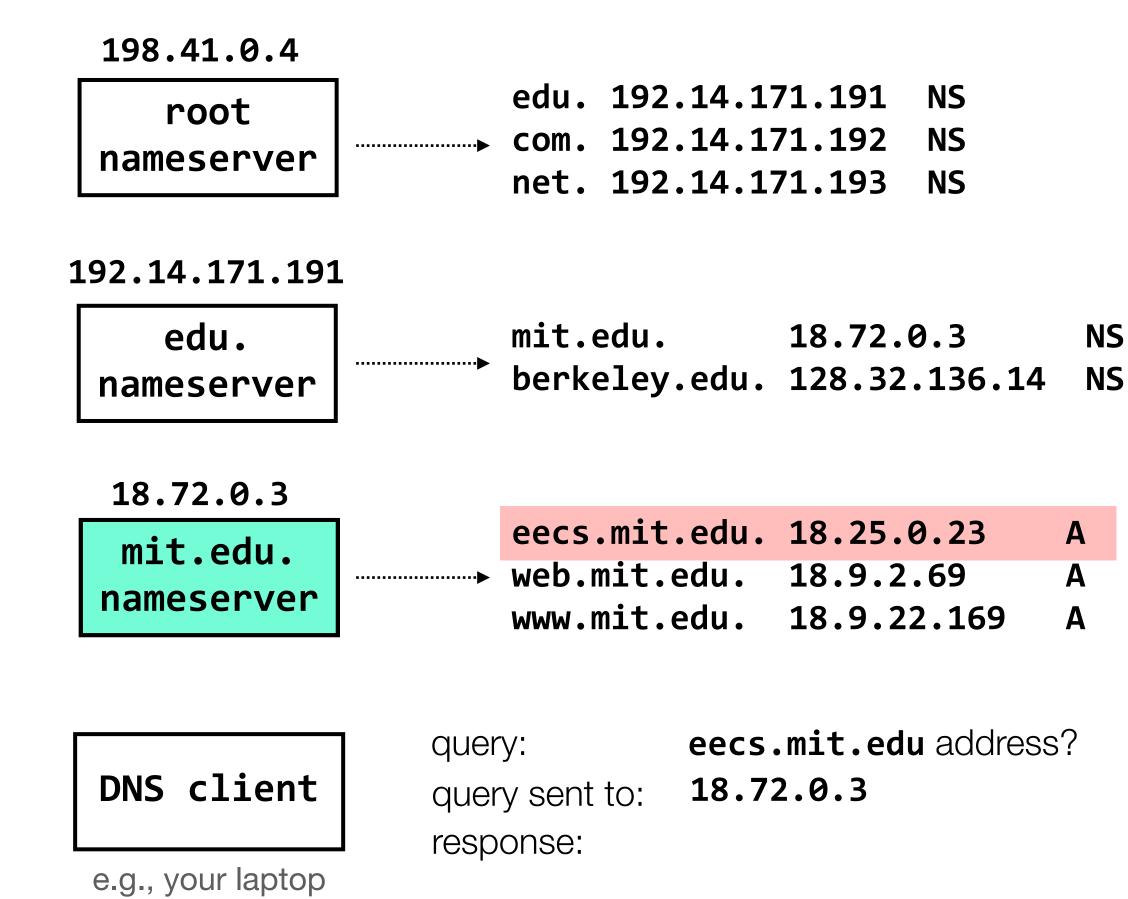




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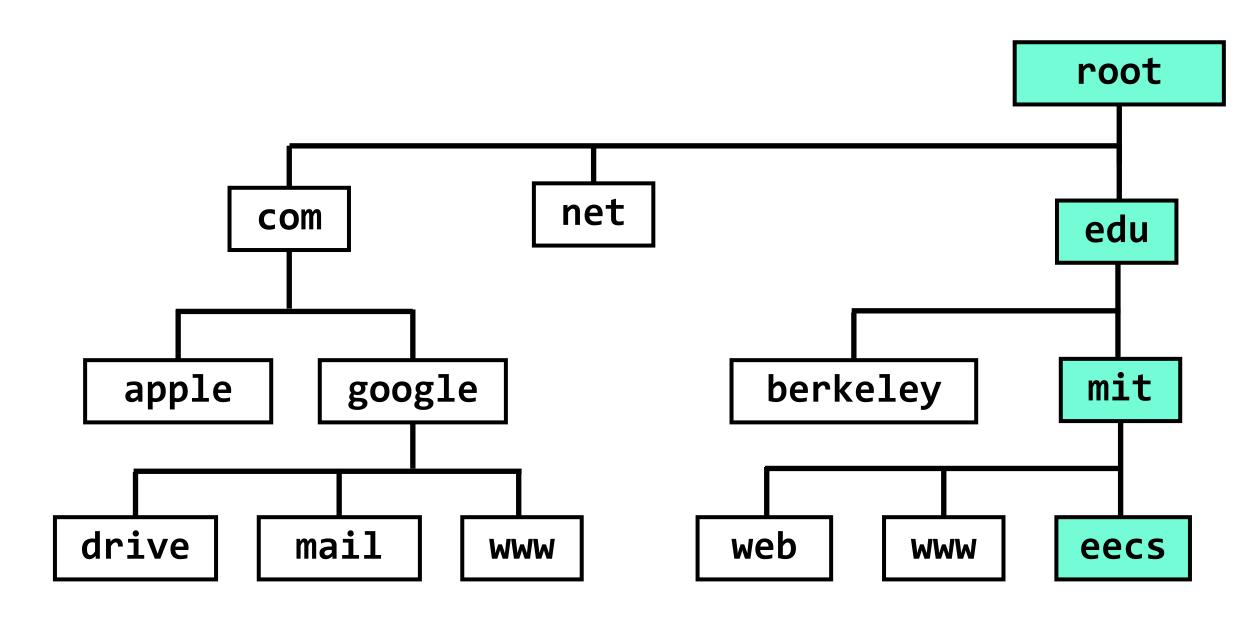
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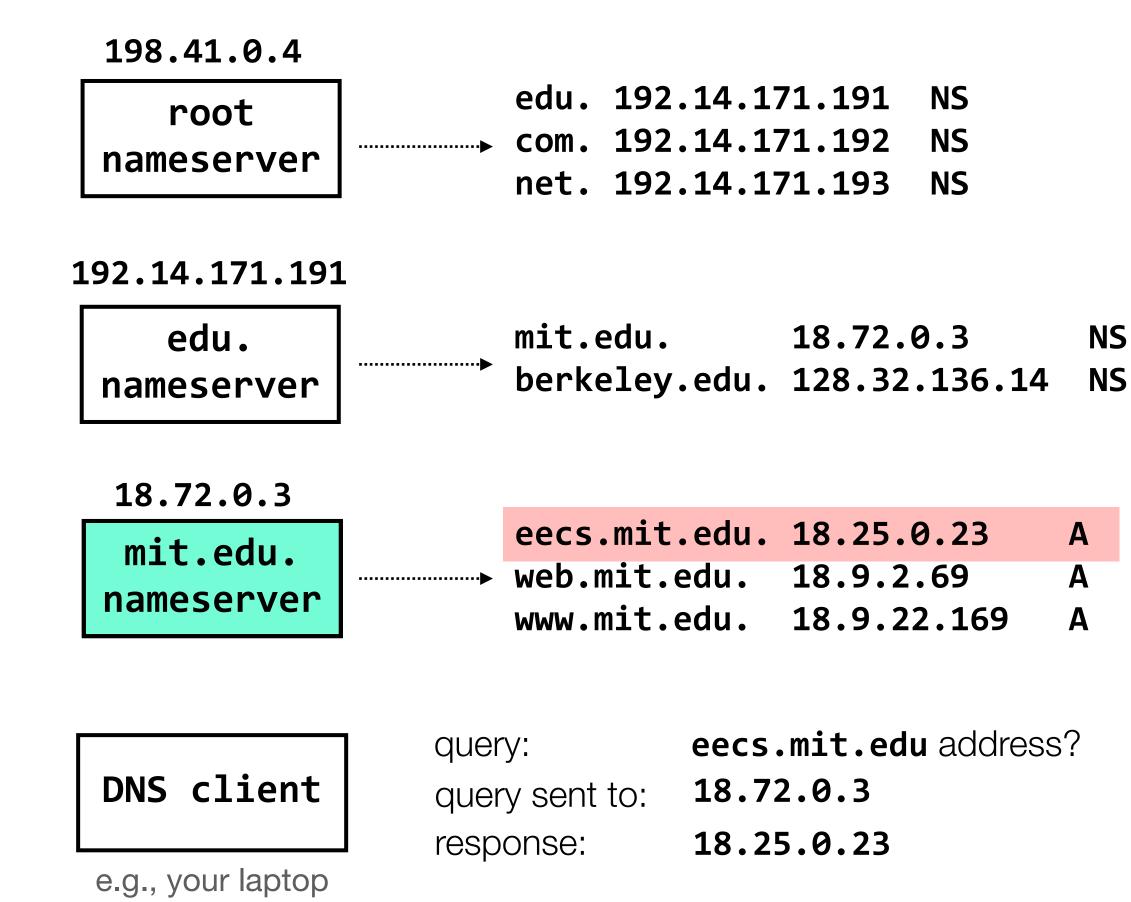




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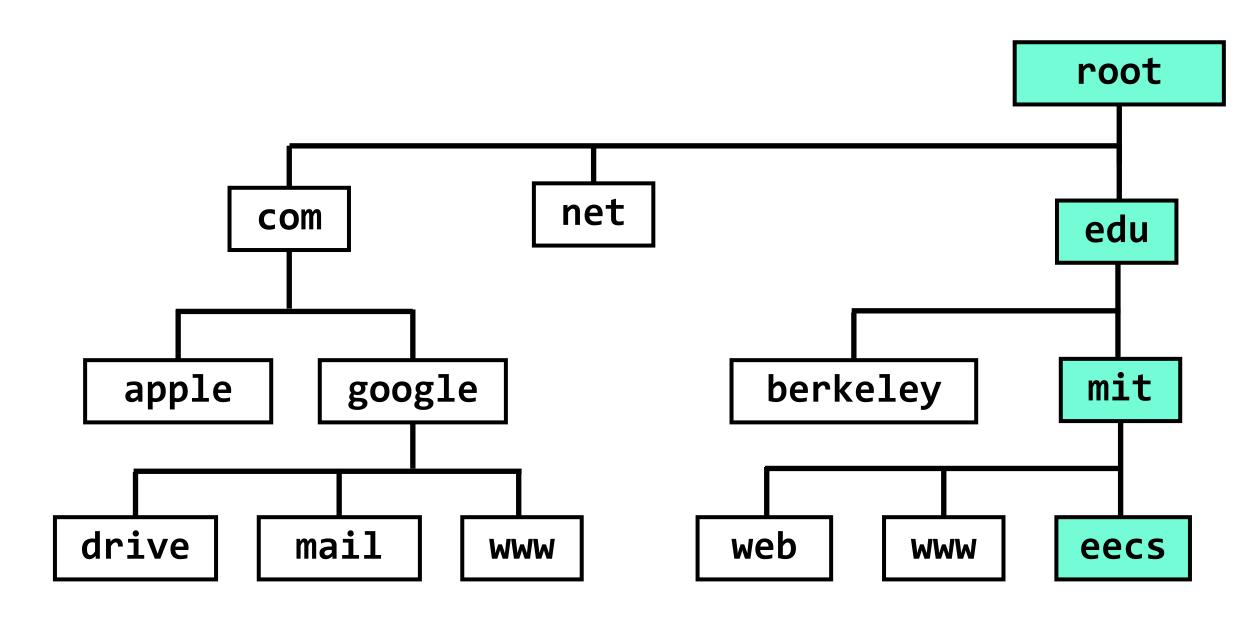
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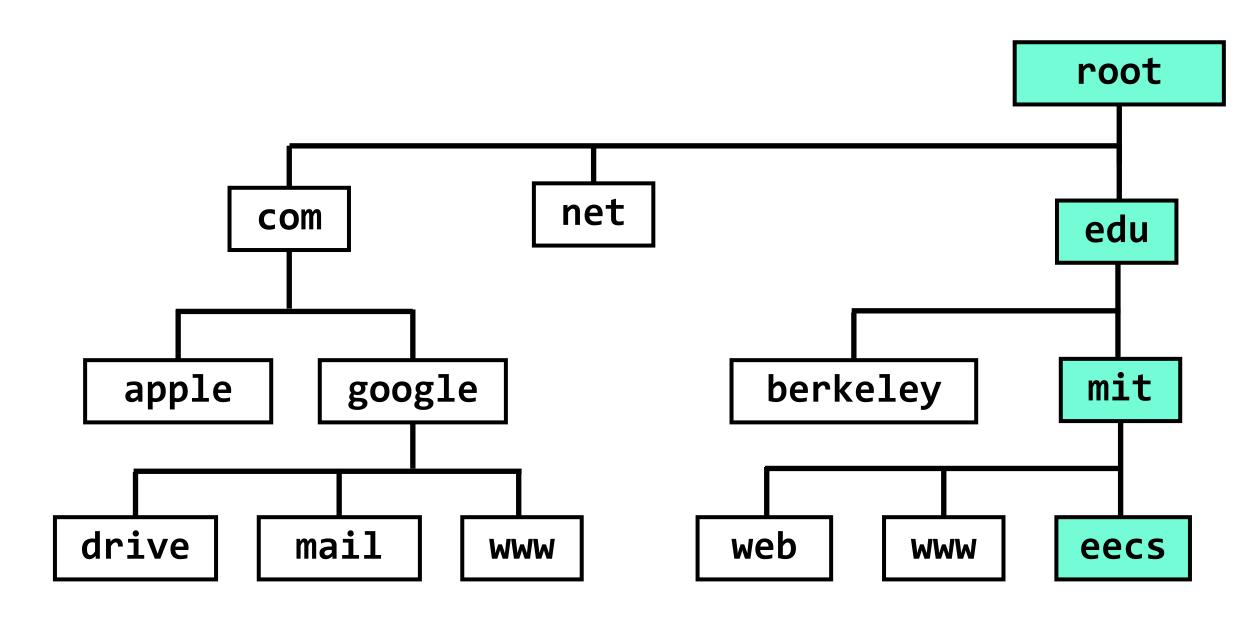
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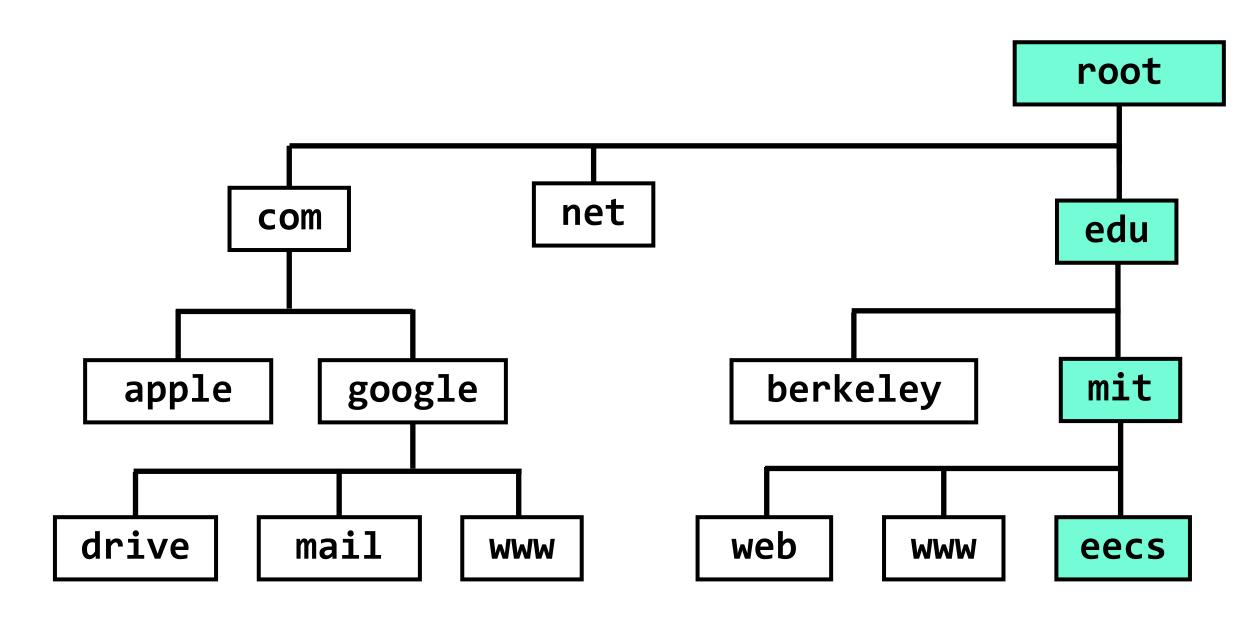


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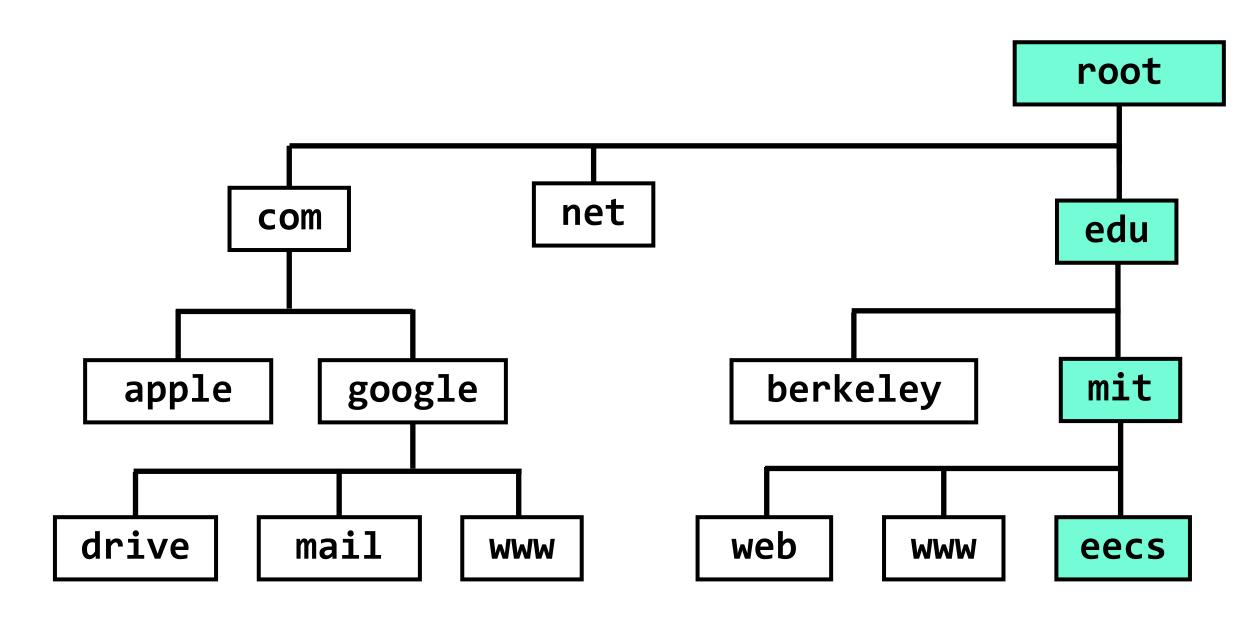
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control issue: who should manage the root server?





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- 6.032: *didn't exist*
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- 6.035: Computer Language Engineering
- 6.036: Introduction to Machine Learning
- 6.037: Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs
- 6.038: Representation & Inference in AI
- 6.039: Operating Systems Engineering

Course 6 subject numbers, all of which changed recently (to many people's annoyance, but to my delight)





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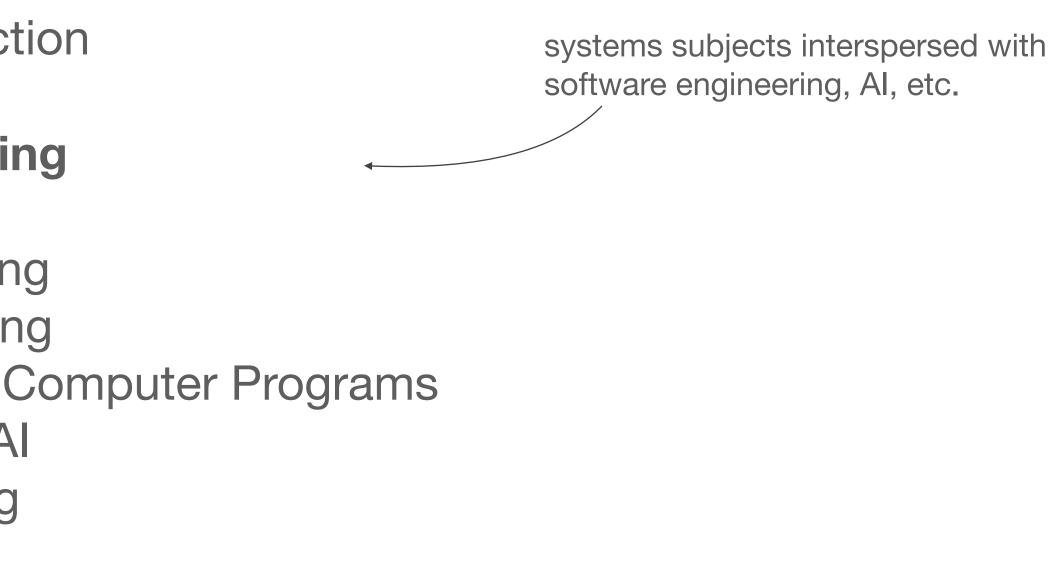
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previous scheme: subject number alone gave you very little information about the topic of the class

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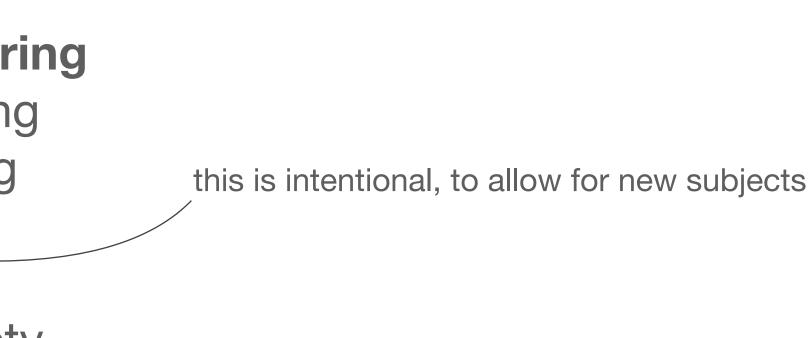




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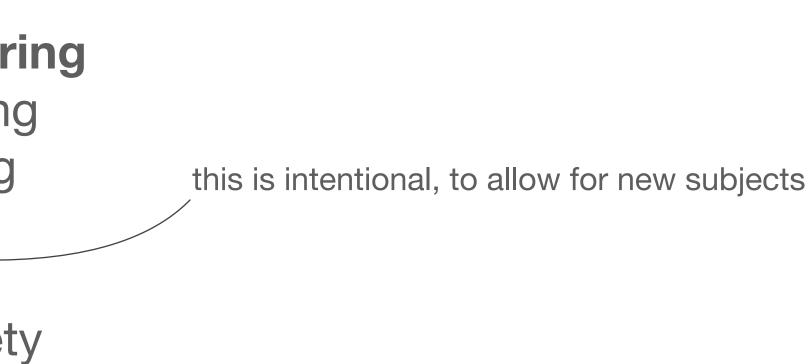


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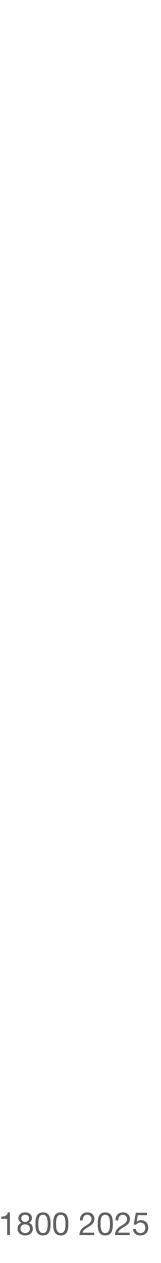
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why four digits after the 6? the registrar doesn't allow a department to reuse a permanent subject number for a new class within five years. solution: create a new three-digit based scheme, append 0's to make then four digits. after five years, revert back to three digits.

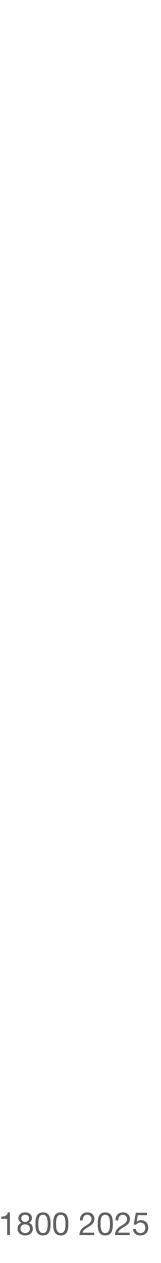
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and client/server models, and (tomorrow) caching, and (in May) security...

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